МИНИСТЕРСТВО НАУКИ И ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего образования «Дагестанский государственный университет»

Колледж

УТВЕРЖДАЮ директор Колледжа ДГУ Д.Ш. Пирбудагова «_5 » _____ 2022г.

ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

по учебной дисциплине

ОДБ.03 Иностранный язык

09.02.07 Информационные системы и программирование

Фонд оценочных средств по учебной дисциплине ОДБ.03 Иностранный язык

Составители:

Хаметова Э.Т. - преподаватель кафедры естественнонаучных и гуманитарных дисциплин Колледжа ДГУ;

Омарова З.О. - преподаватель кафедры естественнонаучных и гуманитарных дисциплин Колледжа ДГУ.

Фонд оценочных средств дисциплины рассмотрен и рекомендован к утверждению кафедры естественнонаучных и гуманитарных дисциплин Колледжа ДГУ

Протокол №_8_ от «_02_» апреля 2022г.

Зав. кафедрой естественнонаучных

и гуманитарных дисциплин к.э.н., доцент ______ Муртилова К. М.-К.

Утвержден на заседании учебно-методического совета колледжа ДГУ

Общие положения

В результате освоения дисциплины обучающийся должен уметь:

- общаться (устно и письменно) на иностранном языке на профессиональные и повседневные темы;
- переводить (со словарем) иностранные тексты профессиональной направленности;
- самостоятельно совершенствовать устную и письменную речь, пополнять словарный запас.

В результате освоения дисциплины обучающийся должен знать:

• лексический (1200 - 1400 лексических единиц) и грамматический минимум, необходимый для чтения и перевода (со словарем) иностранных текстов профессиональной направленности.

2. Паспорт фонда оценочных средств по дисциплине Иностранный язык

Контролируемые разделы, темы	Содержание раздела, темы	Наименование оценочного средства	
Раздел 1.	Фонетика. Правила чтения.	Устный и	
Введение. Фонетика. Я и моя	Приветствие, прощание, представление	письменный опрос;	
семья. Грамматика	себя и других людей в официальной и	выполнение	
	неофициальной обстановке	практических работ	
	Описание человека и семья		
	(внешность, национальность,		
	образование, личные качества, род		
	занятий, должность, место работы и др.		
	Местоимения (личные местоимения,		
	притяжательные местоимения,		
	указательные местоимения)		
	Повелительное наклонение.		
	Спряжение глагола «to be»		
	Числительные.		
Раздел 2.	Распорядок дня студента колледжа.	Устный и письменный	
Распорядок дня студента.	Хобби, досуг. Отпуск, каникулы	опрос	
Грамматика.	Работа с устной темой.		
	«My working day», «My day off» Имя		
	существительное (множественное		
	число). Неопределенный и		
	определенный артикли. Оборот there		
	is/there are. Местоимения Little, few.		
Раздел 3.	Виды путешествий. Путешествие на	Устный и письменный	
Экскурсии и путешествия.	самолете. На поезде.	опрос	
Грамматика	На корабле. Аэропорт. Вокзал. Работа		
	с текстом Meals in England.		
	Степени сравнения прилагательных и		
	наречий. Предлоги. Виды вопросов.		
	Местоимения Some/any.		
Раздел 4.	Физкультура и спорт. Здоровый образ	Устный и письменный	
Здоровый образ жизни.	жизни. Работа с текстом «Sport»	опрос	
Грамматика	Present Simple.Past Simple.Правильные		
	и неправильные глаголы. Future Simple.		
	Present Continuous. Past Continuous.		
	Future Continuous. Видовременные		
	формы английского глагола.		

Раздел 5.	Россия. Москва. Кремль. Present	Устный и письменный
Страноведение.	Past. Future Indefinitet// Present	опрос; выполнение
Грамматика	Past. Future Continuous	практических
	Государственное и политическое	работ, тестирование
	устройство, наиболее развитые	
	отрасли экономики,	
	достопримечательности	
	Великобритании. Лондон. Present	
	Past. Future Perfect. Сравнение	
	видовременных форм глагола.	
	Словообразование.	
Раздел 6.	Экологические проблемы. Кислотные	Устный и письменный
Экология.	дожди. Радиация. Future Perfect	
Грамматика	Continuous.Загрязнение воды.	
	Загрязнение воздуха. Загрязнение	
	почвы. Согласование времен в главном	
	и придаточном предложениях.	
	Сравнение видовременных форм	
	глагола	
Раздел 7.	Телевидение. Газеты. Internet.	Устный и письменный
Средства массовой	Реклама. Условные предложения.	опрос
информации.	Сравнение видовременных форм	r
Грамматика.	глагола.	

2.1. Перечень оценочных средств по дисциплине Иностранный язык

$N_{\underline{0}}$	Наименование оценочного	Краткая характеристика	Представление
	средства	оценочного средства	оценочного средства в
			фонде
1	Практическое задание (лексико-	Средство проверки полученных	Комплект
	грамматические упражнения,	знаний для выполнения различных	практических заданий
	диктант, диалогическая и	видов(в т.ч. контрольных) работ	
	монологическая речь, пересказ)	по определенной теме или	
		разделу.	
2	Тесты	Система стандартизированных	Фонд тестовых
		заданий, позволяющая	заданий
		автоматизировать процедуру	
		измерения уровня знаний и	
		умений обучающегося	
3	Карточки	Средство, позволяющее	Задания, с учетом
		использовать	индивидуальных
		дифференцированный подход,	способностей
		выявить индивидуальные	обучающихся
		способности студентов	

2.2. Критерии оценки по дисциплине Иностранный язык

Наименование	Критерии оценивания на	Критерии оценивания на	Критерии оценивания на	Критерии
еночного средства	«неудовлетв-но»	«удовлетв-но»	«хорошо»	оценивания на
				«отлично»
Практическое	Теоретическое	Теоретическое	Теоретическое содержание	Теоретическое
задание	содержание материала	содержание материала	материала освоено полностью,	содержание
(л-г	освоено частично,	освоено частично, но	без пробелов, некоторые	материала освоено
упражнения,	необходимые	пробелы не носят	практические навыки работы с	полностью, без
диктант,	практические навыки	существенного характера,	освоенным материалом	пробелов,
диалогическая и	работы не	необходимые	сформированы недостаточно,	необходимые
монологическая	сформированы,	практические навыки	все предусмотренные	практические навыки
речь, пересказ)	большинство	работы с освоенным	программой обучения учебные	работы с освоенным

Тесты	предусмотренных программой обучения учебных заданий не выполнено, либо качество их выполнения оценено числом баллов, близким к минимальному; при дополнительной самостоятельной работе над материалом курса возможно повышение качества выполнения учебных заданий.	материалом в основном сформированы, большинство предусмотренных программой обучения учебных заданий выполнено, некоторые из выполненных заданий, содержат ошибки.	задания выполнены, качество выполнения ни одного из них не оценено минимальным числом баллов, некоторые виды заданий выполнены с ошибками	материалом в основном сформированы, все предусмотренные программой обучения учебные задания выполнены, качество выполнения большинства из них оценено числом баллов, близким к максимальному.
Тесты	ож -50% правильных ответов — оценка «неудовлетворительно»	ответов — оценка «удовлетворительно»	оз% - очто правильных ответов – оценка «хорошо»	правильных ответов — оценка «отлично»
Индивидуальное проектирование	Индивидуальное проектирование не подготовлена или подготовлена не по заданной теме, или не самостоятельно, не содержательно. 1. Содержательно: Коммуникативная задача не решена. 2. организация работы: высказывание нелогично, не использованы средства логической связи, не соблюден формат высказывания, 3. лексика: большое количество лексических ошибок. 4.грамматика:большое количество грамматических ошибок. 5. Орфография и пунктуация: значительные орфографические ошибки, не соблюдены правила пунктуации	Индивидуальное проектирование отвечает не всем требованиям по ее созданию. Поиск осуществлялся с использованием только интернет-ресурсов Информация неполностью раскрывает тему. Презентация переведена на английский язык с ошибками. 1.Содержание: Коммуникативная задача решена, 2.Организация работы: высказывание нелогично, неадекватно использованы средства логической связи, текст неправильно поделен на абзацы, но формат высказывания соблюден. 3. лексика: местами неадекватное употребление лексики. 4.грамматика:имеются грубые грамматические ошибки. 5. Орфография и пунктуация: незначительные орфографические ошибки, не всегда соблюдены правила пунктуации	Индивидуальное проектирование отвечает всем требованиям по ее созданию. Поиск информации осуществлялся с использованием интернетресурсов, краеведческих материалов, словарей. Информация грамотно обработана. Информация полностью раскрывает тему. Презентация грамотно переведена на английский язык, но имеются незначительные ошибки. 1. Содержание: коммуникативная задача решена полностью. 2. организация работы: высказывание логично, использованы средства логической связи, соблюден формат высказывания и текст поделен на абзацы. 3. лексика: лексика соответствует поставленной задаче и требованиям данного года обучения. Но имеются незначительные ошибки. 4. грамматика: использованы разнообразные грамматические конструкции в соответствии с поставленной задачей и требованиям данного года обучения языку, грамматические ошибки незначительные ошибки незначительные опрепятствуют решению коммуникативной задачи. 5. Орфография и пунктуация: незначительные орфографические ошибки, соблюдены правила пунктуации	Индивидуальное проектирование отвечает всем требованиям по ее созданию. Поиск осуществлялся с использованием интернет-ресурсов, библиотечных ресурсов, краеведческих материалов, словарей. Информация грамотно обработана. Информация полностью раскрывает тему. Презентация грамотно переведена на английский язык. Автор работы владеет информацией и умеет сделать рассказ по теме. Отвечает на дополнительные вопросы. 1.Содержание: коммуникативная задача решена полностью. 2. организация работы: высказывание логично, использованы средства логической связи, соблюден формат высказывания и текст поделен на абзацы. З. лексика: лексика соответствует поставленной задаче и требованиям данного года обучения. 4. грамматические конструкции в соответствии с поставленной задачей и

		требованиям данного
		года обучения языку,
		грамматические
		ошибки либо
		отсутствуют, либо не
		препятствуют
		решению
		коммуникативной
		задачи. 5.
		Орфография и
		пунктуация:
		орфографические
		ошибки отсутствуют,
		соблюдены правила
		пунктуации

3. ПЕРЕЧЕНЬ ВОПРОСОВ ПО ДИСЦИПЛИНЕ:

- 1. Личные местоимения.
- 2. Притяжательные местоимения.
- 3. Указательные местоимения.
- 4. Повелительное наклонение.
- 5. Глагол "to be" в Present Simple.
- 6. Глагол "to be" в Past Simple.
- 7. Глагол "to be" в Future Simple.
- 8. Имя существительное. Род. Число. Притяжательный падеж.
- 9. Оборот there is/ there are.
- 10. Местоимения little, few.
- 11. Неопределенный артикль.
- 12. Определенный артикль
- 13. Степени сравнения имен прилагательных.
- 14. Степени сравнения наречий.
- 15. Неопределенные местоимения some, any, по и их производные.
- 16. Числительное.
- 17. Предлоги в английском языке. Предлоги времени.
- 18. Предлоги места.
- 19. Предлоги направления.
- 20. The Present Simple Tense.
- 21. The Past Simple Tense.
- 22. The Future Simple Tense.
- 23. The Present Continuous. Tense.
- 24. The Past Continuous. Tense.
- 25. The Future Continuous. Tense.
- 26. Употребление Present Simple и Present Continuous.
- 27. The Present Perfect Tense.
- 28. The Past Perfect Tense.
- 29. The Future Perfect Tense.
- 30. Согласование времен в главном и придаточном предложении.

3.1. Комплект заданий для проверочных работ

Практическое задание № 1

Фонетика. Я и моя семья.

Грамматика

Task 1 Make sentences using words below:

- 1. Is, best, she, friend, my.
- 2. Learn, different, students, our, subjects.
- 3. The, is, Russia, of, the, in, country, the, largest, world.
- 4. In, the, we, city, live, a, flat, in, of, center, the.
- 5. Reading, is, my, of, best, son's, fond, friend.

Task 2. Use the right form of the verb to be

1. He... born in 1985. 2. We... students now. 3. We... good friends at the college. 4. It... an interesting book. 5. Who... absent today? 6. He... a student. 7. What... he? 8.... he a doctor? 9. These... my pencils. 10. Where... this book? It... on the table. 11. What... their names? 12. Mary... a girl. 13. Who... he? 14. What... you? 15. This man... in the room. 16. How... she? 17. How... you? I... fine. 18. How... your friend? 19.... he your son? 20. Tomorrow we... at home. 21.... you a sportsman? 22. There... no book on the table. 23. It... my parents' car. 24. There... 15 students in our group now.

Task 3 Translate into English:

- Который сейчас час? Сейчас ...
- Какое сегодня число? Сегодня...
- Мои часы спешат на 10 минут.
- Зимой, летом, весной, осенью.
- В октябре, в ноябре, в мае, в августе.
- · Какой сегодня день (недели)?
- · На этой неделе (в этом месяце, году)
- 10 дней назад.
- на прошлой неделе
- с 12 до 14
- две недели назад

Task 4 Translate into English:

- А. 1) 220 дней; 2) 1500 человек; 3) 20545 книг; 4) около 100 страниц; 5) почти 300 тетрадей.
- В. 1) первый автобус; 2) вторая страница; 3) миллионный посетитель; 4) часть первая; 5) номер лесятый.
- С. 1. Два миллиарда человек. 2. Миллионы книг. 3. Триста восемьдесят пять страниц. 4. Двадцать первое декабря 1997 года. 5. Двенадцатое марта 2000 года. 6. Одна четвертая. 7. Три пятых. 8. Ноль целых, двадцать пять сотых. 9. Четыре целых и пять шестых. 10. Две целых, сто пять тысячных.

Task 5 Put into plural

Box, sheep, place, library, photo, mouse, lady, glasses, bush, dress, country, bus, party, wife, day, knife, knowledge, month, pen,3iero, goose, company, life, deer, tomato, city, man, play, news, child, fruit, shelf, leaf, foot, fish, woman, money, information.

the star, a mountain, a tree, a waiter, the queen, a man, the woman, an eye, a shelf, a box, the city, the boy, a, goose, a watch, a mouse, a dress, a toy, a sheep, a tooth, a child, an ox, a deer, the life, a tomato.

Task 6 Translate into English

- 1. Век, год, месяц, неделя, час, минута, секунда.
- 2. Понедельник, вторник, среда, четверг, пятница, суббота, воскресенье.
- 3. Январь, февраль, март, апрель, май, июнь, июль, август, сентябрь, октябрь, ноябрь, декабрь.
- 4. Весна, лето, осень, зима.
- 5. Вчера, позавчера, сегодня, сегодня вечером, завтра, послезавтра, две недели, с 8 до 9, полчаса, 5 дней назад, пора делать что-л, в течении часа, вовремя(2), в середине, на этой неделе, на следующей неделе, на прошлой неделе.
- 6. 1 сентября 2018 года
- 7. Страница 20
- 8. Одна вторая
- 9. Ноль целых одна десятая
- 10. Без двадцати двенадцать
- 11. Четверть минут шестого
- 12. Половина восьмого
- 13. Десять минут второго
- 14. 230452
- 15.567008

- 16. Который сейчас час? Сейчас без четверти семь.
- 17. Мои часы спешат на пять минут.
- 18. Ваши часы отстают на пять минут.
- 19. Какой сегодня день? Сегодня пятница.
- 20. Какое сегодня число? Сегодня 12 октября.

Практическое задание № 2

Распорядок дня студента.

Грамматика.

Task 1 Translate into English

иногда, достаточно, душ, всегда, только, никогда, раздевалка, как правило, столовая, дважды, команда, спортзал, как только, проветривать, зарядка, зоопарк, смешной, животные, проводить, делать покупки, покупать, отдел, товары, булочная, ресторан, кафетерий, столовая (студенческая, школьная), кафе, ужинать, обедать, завтракать, второй завтрак, сливочное масло, кукурузные хлопья, яичница с ветчиной, джем, варенье, рыба, омлет, сливки, сметана, суп, каша, котлеты из баранины, пудинг, торт, кекс, пирожное, салат, мороженое, перец, напитки, овощи салфетка.

Task 2 Put into plural

Box, sheep, place, library, photo, mouse, lady, glasses, bush, dress, country, bus, party, wife, day, knife, knowledge, month, pen,3iero, goose, company, life, deer, tomato, city, man, play, news, child, fruit, shelf, leaf, foot, fish, woman, money, information.

the star, a mountain, a tree, a waiter, the queen, a man, the woman, an eye, a shelf, a box, the city, the boy, a, goose, a watch, a mouse, a dress, a toy, a sheep, a tooth, a child, an ox, a deer, the life, a tomato.

Task 3 Put questions to the next sentences:

- 1. There are some new pupils in our group.
- 2. There is no book on the table.
- 3. There were many old houses in our street.
- 4. There are 4 seasons in a year.
- 5. There will be a conference next week.
- 6. There are many large cities in our country.
- 7. There was nobody in the room.
- 8. There are 7 days in a week.
- 9. There is something on the shelf.
- 10. There are many places of interest in London.
- 11. There are many beautiful flowers in our garden.
- 12. There was much work last week.

Task 4. Use articles ad translate from Russian into English

William Shakespeare... greatest English playwright, was born in 1564 in... Stratford-on-Avon in... England. ... Stratford is... small country town in... farming district near ... centre of... England Avon, which is... pretty river with... grass and... trees all along its banks, runs through ... Stratford. Not much is known of... Shakespeare's father. He was... farmer who, at... different times of his life, sold ... meat and bought and sold... wool. He was poor and was often in... money difficulties. Very little is known about... life of his only son William also little house in which... great writer was born still stands. It is now... museum. William went to... school in... Stratford. In 1586 he went to... London. Probably... first work he did there was at one of the two theatres that there were in... London at that time. Then he became... actor and soon began to write... plays for... company of actors to which he belonged. Shakespeare bought... largest house in his home town in 1597, but he did not spend much time there till **1610. He** spent... last years of his life in it.

Task 5 Write in Past and Future

There is much snow in winter. 2. There are 5 theatres in our city. 3. There is no lift in our house. 4. There are many new books in our library. 5. There is little milk in the bottle. 6. There are 3 rooms in our flat. 7. There is a map on the wall.

Task 6 Use the right preposition

- 1. The book is... the table. 2. The lamp is... the table. 3. The girl is... the table. 4. The man is... the chair. 5. The book is... the bag. 6. The pencil is... the desk. 7. My house is ... the street. 8. The blackboard is ... the classroom. 9. The chair is ... the table. 10. We sit ... the table. 11. There is a lamp ... the desk. 12. Please, sit down ... the table. 13. A sport ground is ... our school. 14. Pushkin street is ... Lenin street and Sadovaya street. 15. We have lunch ... 11 o'clockand 12 o'clock. 16. The bridge is ... the Don River.
- 17. There is a picture... the wall. 18. What street do you live..? 19. ... Sunday we of ten swim... the river. 20. Last week he went... Moscow. 21. They will go... the college tomorrow. 22. She goes... work... bus. 23. My brother stayed... home... the evening. 24. Many people travel... train. 25. I see many books... the table and ... the bookcase. 26. I was born... the first... October. 27. Our lessons begin... nine o'clock... the morning. 28. He took some books... the table and put them... his bag. 29. We went... home... foot. 30. They often go... a walk... the park. 31. My father 'works... the plant. 32. I don't like to sit... the window. 33. She stood... and went... the room. 34. Usually I get up... 7 o'clock, put... my dress and go... the kitchen. 35. My friend goes sports and I am fond... music. 36.... summer we spend much time... the open.

Task 7 Translate into English

Много тетрадей, много молока, много воды, много дней, много газет, много мела, много снега, много лет, много картин, много музыки, много сахара, много чая, много лимонов, много мяса, много комнат много учителей, много работы, много воздуха, много птиц, много машин.

Task 8 Use much, many, little, few, a little, a few.

1. Have you got... time before the lesson? 2. She gave him... water to wash his hands and face. 3. He had... English books at home, so he went to the library. 4. After the lesson everybody felt... tired. 5.1 like it here. Let's stay here... longer. 6. There were... new words in the text and Peter spent... time learning them. 7. There was... sugar in the bowl, and we put ... sugar there. 8. I know French... and I can help you with the translation of this text. 10. When we walked ... farther down the road we met another group of pupils. 11. I want to say... words about my travelling.

Практическое задание № 3 Экскурсии и путешествия. Грамматика

Task 1 Translate into English

деловая поездка, командировка, аэропорт, вокзал, преимущества, поезд, быстрый, медленный, удобный, путь, способ, спальный вагон, вагон ресторан, дорогой (о стоимости), спальный вагон, вагон-ресторан, путешествие, поездка, главным образом, путешествие (по воде), предпочитать, приятный, самолет, вид, род, сорт, деловая поездка, командировка, быстрый, медленный.

Task 2 Translate into English

- 1. Чарльз Диккенс один из самых известных писателей в мире.
- 2. Этот рассказ интереснее, чем тот.
- 3. Ваш дом выше нашего? Нет, он такой же высокий, как и ваш.
- 4. Это самая прекрасная картина во всей коллекции.
- 5. Российская Федерации больше Великобритании.
- 6. Он сделал работу быстрее, чем вы.
- 7. Чем больше вы работаете, тем легче сдавать экзамены.
- 8. Его работа лучше вашей, но работа Анны самая лучшая.
- 9. Россия самая большая страна в мире.
- 10.Я живу не так далеко от института, как мой друг.
- 11.В июле столько же дней, сколько и в августе.
- 12.Самолет быстрее, чем поезд.

Quizlet - степени сравнения Работа с текстом «Travelling»

Task 3 Translate into Russian

1. This book is not so interesting as that one. 2. The Baltic Sea is not so warm as the Black Sea. 3. The more you read, the more you know. 4. My brother is not as tall as you are. 5. The earlier you get up, the more you can do. 6. Today the wind is as strong as it was yesterday. 7. Your room is as light as mine. 8. John knows Russian as well as English. 9. Mary is not so lazy as her brother. 10. The longer the night is, the shorter the day. 11. The less people think, the more they talk.

Task 4 Answer the questions and use the answers while retelling

- 1) Do you think modern life is impossible without travelling?
- 2) Why do people travel?
- 3) What are the means of travelling?
- 4) How do you prefer to travel and why?
- 5) What is the fastest kind of travelling?

Task 5 Put different questions

- Disjunctive questions

- 1. She is a student.
- Is she a student?
- Yes, she is. / No, she isn't.
- 2. He speaks English well.
- Does he speak English well?
- Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't.
- 3. They have many books.
- Have they many books?
- Yes, they have. / No, they haven't.
- 4. The weather was fine yesterday.
- Was the weather fine yesterday?
- Yes, it was./No, it wasn't.
- 5. We saw a new film yesterday.
- Did we see a new film yesterday?
- Yes, we did. / No, we didn't.
- 6. You can read well.
- · Can you read well?
- · Yes, you can. / No, you can't.
- 7. There will be five lessons tomorrow.
- Will there be five lessons tomorrow?
- —Yes, there will. / No, there will not (won't).

- Alternative questions

- 1. Our family lives in a three-room flat.
- · Does your family live in a three-room flat or in a house?
- · It lives in a three-room flat.
- 2. They went to the same school.

Did they go to the same school or to different schools? They went to the same school.

- 3. He will read this book tomorrow.
- · Will he read this book tomorrow or next week?
- · He will read it tomorrow.
- 4. They are playing football now.
- · Are they playing football or tennis now?
- · They are playing tennis.
- 5. Our teacher has told us to write.

Has our teacher told us to write or to read? He has told us to write.

- General
- Special
- Disjunctive
- 1. There is a book on the table. 2. He must work hard today. 3. We are leaving for Moscow next week. 4. We were reading the whole evening. 5. They don't go to work on Sunday. 6. It is not cold today. 7.

Ann has already begun to read a new book. 8. We learn English at school. 9. They will show you how to get there.

Task 6 Translate into English

- 1. Вам нравится больше английский язык или французский?
- 2. Он живет в Ростове или в Москве?
- 3. Она его младшая или старшая сестра?
- 4. Студенты уже сдали экзамены или нет?
- 5. Петровы поедут летом на юг или на север?
- 6. Ваш друг учится в колледже или в университете?
- 7. Он знает ее лучше или вы?

Task 7 Use somebody, anybody, nobody, everybody

1. The question is so difficult that... can answer it. 2.... left his bag in our classroom yesterday. 3. Has... in this group got a dictionary? 4. It is too late. I think there is... in the office now. 5. ... knows that plants like water. 6. Is there... here who knows English? 7. You must find... who can help you. 8.... knew anything about our home task. 9. The question is very easy.... can answer this question. 10. There is... in the next room. I don't know him. 11. Please, tell us the story. ... knows it. 12. Is there... you want to tell me? 13. Has... here got a red pencil?

Task 8 Translate into English

1. Есть кто-нибудь здесь? 2. В саду никого нет. 3. В нашей комнате есть кто-нибудь? 4. В классе есть кто-то. 5. В саду есть кто-нибудь? — Там никого нет. 6. На столе есть что-нибудь? — Нет, там ничего нет. 7. В сумке что-то есть. 8. В этой книге есть что-нибудь интересное? 9. На стене есть какие-нибудь картины? — Да, там есть несколько. 10. В комнате есть кто-нибудь? — Нет, там никого нет. 11. В нашей библиотеке есть какие-то книги на английском языке. 12. В вашей библиотеке есть какие-нибудь книги на английском языке? 13. Мой друг не хочет мне ничего сказать. 14. Возьмите что-нибудь почитать для меня в библиотеке. 15. Если вы голодны (to be hungry), поищите (look for) что-нибудь в холодильнике (fridge). 16. Расскажите нам всё о вашем путешествии. 17. Никто нигде не помог ему.

Практическое задание № 4

Здоровый образ жизни.

Грамматика.

Task 1 Translate into English

бывший, сильный, одноклассники, темно-коричневый, усердно учиться, прилежный, особенно, благодарный, внешний вид, довольно, высокий, команда, переехать, начитанный, оба, полностью, умный, прямой, скучный(ая), агрессивный, порывистый, импульсивный, время года, на воздухе, падать, садиться, вставать, замерзший, возвращаться, холодный, все еще, покрывать

Task 2. Переведите следующие предложения на английский язык

1. Он едет до Лондона на поезде. 2. Госпожа К. провожает своих гостей до двери. 3. По субботам магазины работают до 7 часов вечера. 4. Он заканчивает свою работу. 5. Мы плывем по реке. 6. Я обедаю в12.00 ежедневно. 7. В 10 утра у нас занятия по французскому. 8. Ваши друзья разговаривают по-английски. 9. Я тороплюсь в столовую. 10. Он ждет вас в 7 вечера. 11. В это время они обычно обедают дома. 12. Мы обсуждаем все вопросы после занятий. 13. Они встречают своих приятелей из Лондона.

Task 3. Вставьте правильную форму глаголов

- 1. Where _____you from?
- 2. How old ____you? How old ____your brother?
- 3. Tom's parents travel agents.

4. John (not) a student, hea doctor.
5. That book (not) very interesting. Take this one.
6. The best seats10 \$.
7. Ihot. Open the window, please.
8. Whatthe weather like today?
9. I (not) interested in football at all.
10Bob and Tom good football players?
11you hungry?
12.The news (not) very bad today.
13.What your parents address?
14.Your moneyin your handbag.
15.The dogin the garden.

Task 4. Поставьте следующие предложения в вопросительную и отрицательную формы.

1. It's always cold in January. 2. It was simple to translate the letter. 3. It was warm yesterday. 4. It'll be easy to find the railway station. 5. It'll be interesting for you to read this book. 6. It's difficult for him to read this text. 7. It rains in autumn. 8. It rained all day long yesterday. 9. It is raining now. 10. It was raining at five o'clock yesterday. 11. It snows in October. 12. It'll be raining very often soon. 13. It's going to rain.

Task 5. Translate into English

- 1. В воскресенье у нас нет уроков.
- 2. Мы живем в Самаре, на улице Чехова.
- 3. Переведите этот текст с английского на русский.
- 4. Уроки начинаются в 9 часов.
- 5. Возьмите эту книгу у него.
- 6. Дайте эту книгу ему.
- 7. На столе была книга.
- 8. Мы работаем с 8 утра до 6 вечера.
- 9. Учитель вошел, взял книгу со стола и вышел из класса.
- 10. Мы работали а течение урока.

Task 4 Use the answers in composition

- 1. How many seasons are **there** in a year?
- 2. Do people try to spend more time in the open air in summer?
- 3. Why do we like spring so much?
- 4. Is summer the best season for tourism?
- 5. Where did you go last summer?
- 6. What is the weather like in winter?
- 7. Do you like winter? Why?
- 8. Do you go in for skating or skiing in winter?
- 9. What do you usually do when the weather is bad in autumn and winter?
- 10. What is good and what is bad in each season?
- 11. Why do most people prefer summer to any other season of the year?
- 12. What is your favourite season?
- 13. What are the hottest and the coldest seasons in our country?

Task 3 Use Present Simple

- 1. Water (to boil) at 100 degrees Celsius.
- 2. Peter (to wash) his hair twice a week.
- 3. I like films but I (not to go) to the cinema very often.
- 4. How often Bill and Rose (to listen) to classical music?

- 5. You (to drink) a lot of coffee?
- 6. Your mother (to speak) English?
- 7. I (not/to watch) TV every day.
- 8. What time you usually (to go) to bed?
- 9. Bob (to go) to work by bus.
- 10. I usually (not/to have) breakfast.

Task 5 Use

1)Present Indefinite 2)Past Indefinite 3)Future Indefinite

1. His sister studies at school. 2. You will see him tomorrow. 3.1 went to the college at 7 o'clock. 4. Who took my book? 5. They work every day. 6.1 shall read this book next week. 7. We translated this text last lesson. 8. What books does he usually read? 9. She will visit you soon.10. We shall be good specialists in some years. 11. My father went to Moscow yesterday. 12. Who knows him? 13. At last she opened the window. 14. You'll take this book in the library. 15. Do you often visit your parents? 16. He knew these words well. 17. Shall I read this text? 18. His children like music. '19. Did they go to the village? 20. Tomorrow we'll go to the cinema.

Task 6 Use the correct variant

- 1.... I go to the college by bus.
- 2.I do my morning exercises...
- 3. We shall have invited you...
- 4. Who has seen him...?
- 5. He was working here...
- 6. We have... done our work.
 - a) before the college
 - b) by Tuesday
 - c) often
 - d) during October
 - e) every day
 - f) just
- 7. What are you doing...?
- 8. He was going home...
- 9. Will you have read the book...?

Практическое задание № 5 Страноведение.

Грамматика

Работа с темой:

VR Экскурсия по Лондону Padlet <u>The United Kingdom</u> Google form <u>Test on the UK</u> <u>Glogster The UK</u>

Task 1 Translate into English

особенно, эффективный, главный, средство, обмен, область, компьютерные программы, терпение, необходимый, носители языка, средства массовой информации, общество, развлекать, влиять, события, точка зрения, свободное время, новости, аудитория, подробный обзор, подписчики, реклама, владеть, спутник

Task 2 Write the correct form of the verbs given in brackets

- 1. Peter and Ann (go) away five minutes ago. 2.1 (write) the letter but I (not send) it. 3. He just (go) away.
- 4. She already (answer) the letter. 5. She (answer) it on Tuesday. 6.1 just (tell) you the answer. 7.1 (read)

10. We translated this text....

11. Did you... see them?

- g) last week
- h) now
- i) recently
- g) usually
- k) when we met
- 1) when he comes home
- m) already

that book in my summer holidays. 8.1 (not see) him for three years. I (be) glad to see him again some time. 11. What you (do)? — I (copy) the text from the text-book now. 12. He (go) to Moscow next week? 13. He (not smoke) for a month. He is trying to give it up. 14. When he (arrive)? — He (arrive) at 2.00. 15. You (switch off) the light before you left the house? 16. I (read) these books when I was at school. I (like) them very much. 17.1 can't go out because I (not finish) my work. 18.1 already (tell) you the answer yesterday. 19. What you (do) tomorrow in the morning? 20.1 (not meet) him last week. 21.1 usually (leave) home at seven and (get) here at twelve. 22. Here is your watch. I just (find) it. 23. You (not have) your breakfast yet?

Task 3 TEST

- 1. What is the official name of Great Britain now?
- a) The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northen Ireland. b) Great Britain
- c) The United Kingdom of Great Britain
- 2. What parts does Great Britain consist of and what are their capitals?
- a) England (London); Scotland(Cardiff); Wales(Edinburgh); Northern Ireland (Belfast).
- b) England (London); Scotland (Edinburgh); Wales (Cardiff); Northern Ireland (Belfast).
- c) Britain (London); Wales (Cardiff); Scotland(Edinburgh); Ireland (Belfast). 3. Britain's population is more than... million people.
- a) 56; b) 560; c) 5,6;
- 4. Great Britain is separated from the continent by...
- a) The Pacific Ocean; b) the Irish Sea; c) the English Channel.
- 5. The head of State in Britain is
- a) The Prime Minister; b) the President; c) the Queen;
- 6. The National Gallery is in ...
- a) Piccadily Circus; b) Parliament Square; c) Trafalgar Square;
- 7. The Great Fire of London broke out in...
- a) 1066; b) 1106; c) 1666.
- 8. The population of London is about
- a) 10 million
- b) 5 million
- c) 8 million
- 9. The oldest part of London is
- a) The City
- b) Westminster
- c) The East-End
- 10. The Queen of England lives in
- a) Hampton Court Palace
- b) Buckingham Palace
- c)The Tower of London
- 11. In front of Buckingham Palace there is
- a) Nelson's Column
- b) Albert Memorial
- c) the Queen Victoria Memorial
- 12. The Prime Minister lives in
- a) No 10 Downing Street
- b) Parliament Square
- c)Whitehall
- 13. Whitehall is
- a) fine building
- b) wide street leading to Parliament Square
- c)famous museum
- 14. The Tower of London
- a) is where the Oueen lives.
- b) is London's biggest art museum.
- c) was a fortress, a palace, a prison, a zoo, and now it is a museum.
- 15. Buckingham Palace
- a) was built after the Great Fire of London.

- b) was built to remember the battle of Trafalgar.
- c)is where the Queen lives.
- 16. Trafalgar Square
- a) is Britain's main banking centre.
- b) is London's main shopping centre.
- c) was built to remember the battle of Trafalgar.
- 17. Royal Opera House
- a) is in Covent Garden.
- b) is famous for the Poet's Corner.
- c) is one of the most famous libraries in the world.
- 18. St Paul's Cathedral
- a) was built after the Great Fire of London.
- b) is for Queen Elizabeth 'home where she often stays at Christmas and Easter.
- c) is in Covent Garden.
- 19. Oxford Street
- a) is Britain's main banking centre.
- b) is London's main shopping centre.
- c) is famous for the Poet's Corner.
- 20. The National Gallery
- a) is London's biggest art museum.
- b) is one of the most famous libraries in the world.
- c) is the largest private collection in the world.
- 21. Windsor Castle
- a) is for Queen Elizabeth 'home where she often stays at Christmas and Easter.
- b) was a fortress, a palace, a prison, a zoo, and now it is a museum.
- c) is where the Queen lives.
- 22. Westminster Abbey
- a) was built after the Great Fire of London.
- b) is famous for the Poet's Corner.
- c) is one of the most famous libraries in the world.
- 23. The City of London
- a) is Britain's main banking centre.
- b) is London's main shopping centre.
- c) is famous for the Poet's Corner.
- 24. The Speaker's Corner
- a) is in Hyde Park where anyone can make a speech.
- b) is famous for the Poet's Corner.
- c) is one of the most famous libraries in the world.
- 25. The Serpentine
- a) is the lake in the middle of Hyde Park.
- b) is the river in the center of London.
- c) is in Covent Garden.

Task 4 TEST I. Choose the correct variant.

Moscow was founded in ... by the prince Yuri Dolgoruky.

1147

1447

1117

The most famous tower of the Kremlin is with a big clock.

the Spasskaya Tower

Bell Tower

the Archangel Cathedral

... was built in 1475-1479 and all Russian Tsars and Emperors were crowned there.

The Assumption Cathedral

The Annunciation Cathedral

The Archangel Cathedral

Under the Kremlin was built of white stone.

Dmitry Donskoy

Ivan III

Andrey Rubley

.... was the burial place of the Russian Princes and Tsars.

The Assumption Cathedral

The Annunciation Cathedral

The Archangel Cathedral

The Faceted Palace was built in ...

1487-91

1487-97

1481-97

The Russian Federation is washed by

12 seas and 3 oceans.

11 seas and 2 oceans.

12 seas and 4 oceans.

In the west the Russian Federation has borders with ...

Norway, Finland, Belarus and Ukraine.

Italy, Finland, Belarus and Ukraine.

Norway, Finland, Belarus and France.

The deepest lake in the world is

Baikal.

the Baikal.

the lake Baikal.

Russia is very rich in oil, coal, iron ore, natural gas, copper, nickel and other mineral....

resources

steppes

neighbours

The State Duma and the Council of Federation are ... of the government.

the legislative branch

the executive branch

the judicial branch

II. Give English equivalents. (переведите на английский язык)

князь, памятник, архитектор, архитектура, шедевр, дворец, колокольня, небоскреб, научный, Успенский собор, Грановитая палата, страна рождения, занимать, полезные ископаемые, возвышенности, законодательная ветвь (власти), полосы, тундра, степь.

Task 5 Make negative and interrogative sentences

Образец: They are at home. — Aren't they at home? — Yes, they are. — No, they aren't. Они дома. — Разве они не дома? — Да, дота. — Нет, не дома.

- 1. They left for Moscow.
- 2. He has finished his work.
- 3. She will visit us on Sunday.
- 4. She has many relatives.
- 5. His father works here.
- 6. You know his address.
- 7. We shall go home together.
- 8. He can play chess.
- 9. I am listening to you.
- 10. His friends were playing football.
- 11. You have done the task.

Практическое задание № 6

Экология.

Грамматика

Работа с темой:

Padlet Ecology

Mindmaster <u>Ecological problems</u>
Quizlet <u>Environmental pollution</u>
Miro <u>Ecology</u>

Task 1 Translate into English

изменчивый, неустойчивый, сырой, мокрый, мерзкий, противный, сравнение, настроение, мнение, утверждение, метеорологический, замечание, поехать за границу, сырой, мокрый, национальность, камин, с нетерпением ждать, континент (Европа), аспект, сторона, туман (смог), чрезвычайно, расстилать(ся), ползти, красться, несчастный случай, частый, заблудиться

Task 2 Answer the questions and use the answers while retelling

- 1. Is the weather **in** England very changeable?
- 2. How often does it rain in England?
- 3. What do Englishmen often say to describe the weather of their country?
- 4. Englishmen often talk about weather. Do you find this topic of conversation interesting?
- 5. What is the worst time of the year in England?
- 6. When do Englishmen prefer to stay at home by the big fire?
- 7. How do the English spend their short English summer?
- 8. What are London smogs?
- 9. What kind of weather do you like best of all?
- 10. Which do you like better: when it's cold or hot?
- 11. What is the weather like today?
- 12. What is the weather forecast for tomorrow?
- 13. What is the weather like in your town in winter (summer, autumn, spring)?

Task 3 Use Present Simple

- 1. Water (to boil) at 100 degrees Celsius.
- 2. Peter (to wash) his hair twice a week.
- 3. I like films but I (not to go) to the cinema very often.
- 4. How often Bill and Rose (to listen) to classical music?
- 5. You (to drink) a lot of coffee?
- 6. Your mother (to speak) English?
- 7. I (not/to watch) TV every day.
- 8. What time you usually (to go) to bed?
- 9. Bob (to go) to work by bus.
- 10. I usually (not/to have) breakfast.

Task 3

Google form Ecology test

Task 4

Согласование времен

https://englsecrets.ru/testy/test-sequence-of-tenses.html

Практическое задание № 7

Средства массовой информации.

Грамматика.

Task 1 Translate into English

средства массовой информации, общество, развлекать, влиять, события, точка зрения, свободное время, новости, аудитория, подробный обзор, подписчики, реклама, владеть, спутник, устройство, разум, оборудование, программы, обработка процедуры, операции, выполнять, манера, способ, различные, цель, превращать, данные, хранить, цифровой

Task 2 Choose True or False Give your arguments

- 1) Computer is made of electronic components so it is referred to as electronic device.
- 2) Computer has.no intelligence until software is loaded.

- 3) There are four elements of computer system: hardware, software, diskettes and data.
- 4) Without software instructions hardware doesn't know what to do.
- 5) The software is the most important component because it is made by people.
- 6) The user inputs data into computer to get information as an output.

Task 3 Answer the questions and use the responses while retelling

Questions:

- 1) What is mass media?
- 2) How does mass media influence people?
- 3) What is the difference between radio and TV programs?
- 4) Does the audience of TV and radio differ?
- 5) Do you think that advertising is useful?

Task 4

Mass media test

Task 5 Translate into Russian

- 1. If I came later I would be late for the lesson.
- 2. If he had known the time-table he wouldn't have missed the train.
- 3. It would be better if you learned the oral topics.
- 4. I wish I had known this before the examination.
- 5. I would have come to you if you had not lived so far away.
- 6. If I had seen you yesterday I would have given you my text-book.
- 7. If I were in your place I wouldn't buy the tickets beforehand.
- 8. If I had known that you needed help I would have helped you.

3.2. Комплект заданий с учетом индивидуальных способностей учащихся (карточки)

Тема № 1

Вопросительные местоимения; спряжение глагол to be; числительное

1.Выберите верный вариант вопросительного слова

1.	does he go to the Institute?
	when
	who
	what
	where
2.	were you when you finished your school?
	how old
	why
	how much
	when
3.	were they angry?
	why
	whose
	who
	where
4.	does she study psychology?
	why
	when
	who

	what
5	books do you like to read?
٠.	what
	where
	why
	when
6.	are you going to give your friend?
	how
	when
	what
	where
7.	a terrible night!
	what
	how
	when
	why
	2. Complete the sentences with the verb to be in the correct form.
	1. It getting more and more complicated to protect Internet users from unreliable web sites
	fraud and violence. 2 he an engineer? 3 you to learn the Pascal programming language a
	the university? 4. PCs accurate and versatile. 5. Mr. Jones on a business trip last week. 6
	Computersrarity and curiosity several decades ago. 7. It's a pity! I will not come to the party
	tonight. I in my office working over the project. 8. What you doing? I searching the
	Internet for sites on digital cameras. 9 it possible to open Microsoft Excel files in Word
	internet for sites on digital edificials. 7 it possible to open interesting in word
	3. a)Translate into English
	96; 415; 65,33; 394; 4179; 106;
	b) write ordinal numerals:
	8; 120; 300; 32; 7; 978;450;75;
	c) write the following dates:
	05.07.2014; 01.01.1977; 12.12.1948; 27.10.1982; 04.11.2000
	d) answer the following questions:
	1. How much is 17 plus 19?
	2. How much is 25 plus 32?
	3. How much is 120 plus 205?
	4. How much is 7 minus 4?
	5. How much is 200 minus 45?
	6. How much is 9 multiplied 5?
	7. How much is 42 divided by 6?

4	TT7 04	•		
	Write	ın	ni	ııral
-•	* * 1 1 1 1 1		7	uı uı

day, task, hand, rose, fox, Negro, dress, line, fish, potato, city, leaf, shelf, duty, industry, hero, door, child, wife, man, water, ox, name, sheep, people, family, tooth, bridge, foot, phenomenon, crisis, woman, datum.

2. Use the articles if it's necessary
1. This ishouse. This housein which I live. 2. This isbutter. This is butter I bought
for you. 3. My father isworker. His father isworker who improved this machine. 4. this
man isteacher I told you about. Ann's mother isteacher. 5. February isshortest
month. July isseventh month ofyear. 6. It isIndian film we discussed yesterday. It is
film we discussed yesterday. 7cow is domestic animalcarrot is
carp isfish.
3. Translate the sentences into Russian. Pay attention to the functions of the verb to do.
1. What did you do at the programming basics class yesterday? 2. Anna did not do well in
chemistry last term. 3. Sasha will do his lab work in computer science himself. 4. We did
engineering graphics very well. 5. He does not do a course of Spanish at the university. 6. Are
they doing their job carefully?
Тема № 2
Спряжение глагола to do, much, many, (a)little, (a)few, спряжение глагола to
have
1. Fill in the gaps with the proper form of the verb to do.
1 engineering students their best in programming? 2. Technical students are a lot of
calculations. 3. I will not the drawing in time. 4. All the students have well at the English
exam. 5. I not the test on programming languages last class. 6 you download the
necessary software for Windows 10 yesterday? 7. What you do? I'm a website developer. 8. I
not use that program very much so I deleted it from my PC.
2. Fill in many / much, a lot of / lots of / few / little / a few / a little. Sometimes more than one
option is suitable.
1. There are various operating systems for you to choose from. 2. There were not
convenient means of communication 20 years ago. 3. Is there difference between HDMI
cables and HDMI Ethernet switch? 4. There are only applications supported by this OS. 5.
There is very battery charge left. Bring up the charge adapter please. 36 6. You had better
install a good anti-virus system because there phishing attacks on the Internet now. 7. There is
too free space on my memory stick to copy this software. I need to use a different one. 8.
There were quite adequate ideas in his speech regarding our project. 9. There used to be very
service at this company and it was very bad. 10. There are useful laboratories equipped
with cutting-edge computing machines at the BNTU. 11. There were good gadgets in the
shop, that quite customers wanted to buy.

3. Translate the sentences into Russian. Pay attention to the functions of the verb to have.

1. This programmer has access to all the Internet resources. 2. The computer has become the lifeline of modern generation. 3. I have an opportunity for communicating with my colleagues at

work in Skype. 4. I don't have to back up files every day – that's automatic. 5. Computers have helped me and my sister Linsey to look differently at our job. 6. I am having much fun playing 'The World of Tanks'.

Тема № 3

Наречия some; any и их производные; степени сравнения прилагательных и наречий

1. Translate the sentences into English

1. Вы знали какой-нибудь иностранный язык пять лет назад? 2. Вы прочитали какие-нибудь английские книги в прошлом месяце? 3. Некоторые студенты готовят здесь свои уроки. 4. У меня нет никаких английских журналов. 5. У вас есть какие-нибудь друзья в Лондоне? 6. У меня нет никаких вопросов. 7. Есть ли у вас какие-нибудь вопросы? – да, есть несколько. 8. Я не вижу никаких ошибок в этом предложении. 9. Ваш отец говорит на каком-либо иностранном языке? 10. У кого-нибудь из вас есть дети? – да, у многих из нас есть. 11. У некоторых из нас есть вопросы.

2. Arrange the words in the proper order to make questions.

1. installed / she / a new / has / or / the updates / application? 2. the function / is /what / of / the / CPU? 3. are / who / you / e-mail / sending / this / to? 4. sent / who / this / me / reference? 5. have/ a 3.0USB port/ does / or / PC/ your / a 2.0USB port? 6. add / a water-proof / manufacturers / do / to / the assembly / membrane / parts /a laptop / of? 7. what / work / platform / on / this / computer / does? 8. boot / has / time / doesn't it / your / laptop / a quick? 9. manual / is / what / about / this? 10. enhanced / created / who / software / this?

3. Use the adjectives in the correct degree of comparison

- a)1. Which month is (long): March or April? 2. Is New York (large) than Washington? 3. Which is the (large) city in Russia? 4. Is the Black Sea (deep) than the Caspian Sea? 5. Which is the (deep) lake in the world? 6. When days are (long): in winter or in summer? 7. Which is the (high) mountain in the world? 8. Is Literature (interesting) than History? 9. Is chemistry (difficult) than physics? 10. Which is (beautiful) city? 11. Moscow is (good) city in the world. 12. "Unsatisfactory" is (bad) mark. 13. Her house is (far) in the country. 14. She had (little) mistakes in the dictation than the other pupils.
- b)1. The most expensive / the less expensive OS is not always the better / the best one. 2. Safari offers less wider / less wide selection of software and less / the less Internet security. 3. Mac OS is not so proner / prone to malware as Windows. 4. A computer is more efficient / efficienter with a carefully installed OS. 5. Google Chrome is as easy / easier to use as Torch. 6. Kaspersky is a lot more quick / quicker and more reliable / the most reliable than Avast. 7. Foxit Reader is the best / good and the cheaper / the cheapest programme for reading pdf. format.

Тема № 3

Предлоги; типы вопросов; наречия some, апу, по

- 1. Заполните пропуски предлогами там, где это необходимо.
- 1. When did you return ... home ... the theatre?
- 2. There was a door ... the end ... the corridor.
- 3. Is the metro station far ... your house?

4. I sat down a bench the monument Columbus.
5. Early the morning many lorries passed our houses.
6. One our friends lives this street, near the bus stop.7. We enjoyed our life the South.
8. Would you like to join us?
9. The children ran the room a great noise.
10. He asked the teacher many questions (Whom?)
11. We play football at a stadium (Who?)
2. Ask questions to get these answers.
1?
The touchpad is placed on the keyboard.
2?
Yes, the keyboard does.
3?
The right button does.
4?
Capacitive battery is used to meet all the above mentioned specifications and users' preferences.
5?
Terry clicked the right button of the mouse. 6,?
Yes, the shortcut menu does.
7
Yes, the input devices will.
8?
Storage capacity of the Solid State Drives (SSDs) ranges from 128 to 500 GB.
9?
No, am not. I am closing the application.
10?
I'm reloading the computer.
3. Fill in some, any, no and their compounds in the sentences. Sometimes more than one
option is suitable.
1. There is important about our research I must tell you. 2. There is need to reinstall
Windows, as it has a high performance. 3. Do you know if attends courses on programming?
4 special was added to a new version of this smartphone. 5. Are there commentaries on
this application usage? 37 6. Can you provide users with more Internet security? 7. All people
will benefit from you do at your job. 8. You can use authorized version of Windows, they
are all quite reliable. 9. There is wrong with the operating system of this computer. You must
repair it immediately. 10. There are not chances for hackers' attacks with this antivirus
system. 11. Can you give us more time to finish our presentation?

Тема № 4

Simple Tenses, Interrogative, Negative Sentences

1. Use the verbs in the following sentences in the negative and interrogative forms.

1. A spreadsheet stores data values in cells. 2. Databases involve a higher level of technical processing. 3. He established the relationships between databases. 4. The programme will be compiled in a few days. 5. A database was programmed to show only certain information. 6. Some databases are run on servers and accessed over networks. 7. Cells contain numbers, text or formulae. 8. They used spreadsheets to calculate totals, percentages, discounts.

2. Arrange the words in the correct order to make questions. Add Why / What / Where / How if necessary.

1. the screen size / is / the laptop / of? 2. is / placed / the touchpad? 3. people / visit / news / do / websites? 4. assembly / consist / parts /a typical / of / PC / does? 5. does / from / RAM / vary / 128 to 500 GB? 6. are / the technical / a user's / specifications / needs / that / meet? 7. digital / do / cameras / photographs / store? 8. websites / do / many / visit / you / regularly? 9. is / technology / needed / a home / to set up / network? 10. deleted / go / files / do? They go to the recycle bin.

3. Поставьте к следующим предложениям вопросы: общие, специальные, разделительные.

1. Yesterday Jane and Charlie went to the swimming pool. 2. My new bag costs three hundred dollars. 3. On Monday we have History, Psychology and English. 4. Most of the people in our group speak two foreign languages. 5. Children don't like to go to bed early. 6. My parents are planning a trip to Greece. 7. The shop will be closed until next month. 8. Johnny cannot meet Mag because he is ill. 9. The Simpsons live on the second floor. 10. Our English teacher is always on time.

Тема № 4

Видовременные формы глагола

1. Complete the sentences with the verb to be in the correct form.

1. Designing web sites __ of great interest to me. 2. We ___ sharing innovations between countries due to computers and the Internet. 3. The storage capacity of a computer ___ measured in Mega Bytes, Giga Bytes and Tera Bytes. 4. He ___ a programmer to the core! 5. Our group ___ to finish making the new program by the end of next week. 6. David ____ very good at computers.

2. Choose the right tense form of the verbs in the following sentences.

1. A computer is downloading / will be downloading a free trial now. 2. I am listening / was listening to the online radio program while I was going / went home. 3. We were discussing / are discussing the benefits of e-learning from 2 to 3pm yesterday. 4. Interest in multimedia products is growing / are growing rapidly nowadays. 5. I was searching / were searching the Web for sites on digital cameras while my groupmates were working / are working on their project. 6. The professor was demonstrating / demonstrated new techniques to students when I entered / was entering the classroom. 7. What will you doing / will you be doing in the computing centre from 3 to 4 pm tomorrow?

3. Complete the sentences with the verb to have. Put it into the proper form.

1. Emily one hu	undred an	d twenty-two friends in Facebook. 2.	Computers	_ more advantages
than disadvantages	s. 3. I	done the tests on programming offli	ine. 4. We are _	coffee now. 5.
Misha not	CorelDr	aw installed on his PC. 14 6. He	_ benefitted pro	ofessionally using

different Microsoft Office applicati	ions. 7. James	to update all the	Android application	s on his
smartphone. 8. The technicians	set up the networ	k by 3 p.m. yester	day.	

Тема № 5

Simple, Progressive, Perfect Tenses

1. Use Progressive tenses. Put sentences into Negative and Interrogative

(to write, to build, to work, to enjoy, to decorate, to live, to take a shower, to look, to rise, to have dinner, to get).

1. They... hard over this article tomorrow. 2. They... with their friends several days last month. 3. She...at me with a great interest. 4. My parents... dinner at this moment. 5. My sisters were very busy yesterday. They... the room. 6. Two days ago students... their tests from 9 to 12. 7. His German...better. 8. She...in a few minutes. 9. The population of the world...very fast last century. 10. We... this party very much. 11. Some my friends...their own houses.

2.Поставьте предложения в прошедшее и будущее время, введя соответственно обстоятельства времени.

1. It's easy to understand this text. 2. It's interesting to listen to your stories. 3. Is it difficult for you to learn grammar rules? 4. It's dark in the room. 5. It doesn't often snow here in winter. 6. It doesn't rain here very often at this time of year. 7. It's important for me to finish the work today.

3. Complete these questions using the Present Perfect tense form of the verb in brackets.

1 you (run) the laptop in the battery mode? 2. How long you (have) the iPad? 3.
he (open) the file? 4 they (change) the Internet Service Provider yet? 5 she
(enter) her username and password? 6 you (detect) logic errors? 7 he
(check) the remaining disc space? 8 anyone ever (hack) into your computer system? 9.
How many e-mails you (write) today? 10 Peter ever (be) to the IT forum?

Тема № 6

Simple, Progressive, Perfect Tenses

1. Вставьте подходящие по смыслу глаголы.

1. She ... her task at home. 2. We usually ... dinner at 12.30. 3. The...free tomorrow. 4. We ... everything to get the best result. 5. December 22 ... the shortest day of the year. 6. ... you at home yesterday at 6 o'clock. 7. ... it cold today? 8. ... any questions? 9. I... this work tomorrow. 10. They ... a new flat next year. 11. My friends ... very busy with the experiments last week. 12. The students ... the last translation perfectly. 13. My relatives ... a large cottage on the river-side several years ago. 14. She ... her English lessons at 9 o'clock every day. 15. My brother ... angry last night after the meeting. 16. Freud ... famous for his psychological theories.

2. Rewrite the following sentences using the Past and Future Perfect (Active) and the appropriate time words.

1. The operating system has been upgraded recently. 2. They haven't detected the bugs yet. 3. Has the flowchart been designed yet? 4. The charger has already stopped working. 5. Have you defined the purpose of the program? 6. I have already made my own website.

3. Complete the sentences with the correct tense form of the verbs in brackets.

1. They (to test) the program and (to detect) the bugs by 3 p.m. tomorrow. 2. This company (to play) an important role in multimedia development since its very inception. 3. She never (to be able) to fix the problem. 4. They (not to install) the updates yet. 5. You ever (to watch) TV on the Internet? 6. He (to study) some high-level computer languages by next year.

Тема № 7

Simple, Progressive, Perfect Tenses; The Sequence of tenses

1. а)Переведите с русского на английский, учитывая правило согласования времен.

1. Я надеялся, что застану вас дома. 2. Моя дочь сказала, что потеряла свои часы. 3. Мы были уверены, что он ждет меня уже 2 часа. 3. Я был уверен, что она хорошо говорит поанглийски. 4. Он пообещал, что придет вовремя. 5. Все знали, что он живет в Москве. 6. Брат думал, что я буду ждать его в институте. 7. Мне сообщили, что она давно работает в этой больнице. 8. Она сказала, что будет писать контрольную работу через день. 9. Студенты сказали, что никогда не писали такой сложный тест. 10. Мой друг объяснил, что был в университете целый день.

b) Измените предложения, используя время Future-in-the-Past.

1. She told me that she (to return) at the end of the week. 2. I didn't know that we (to have) classes next Saturday. 3. It seemed that the rain never (to stop). 4. You didn't tell me where you (to go) for your holiday. 5. I wondered what my friends (to think) of it. 6. She wanted to find out who else (to be) present there. 7. I didn't expect that they (to come) so early. 8. She was sure that nothing of the kind (to happen). 9. He was afraid that everybody (to learn) about that soon. 10. We wondered who (to be) able to do such a thing.

2. a) Open the brackets, use the verbs in the correct form.

1. Look, it (to rain) hard outside. 2. You (not to listen) to me. 3. What you (to do) now? 4. You (to wait) anybody? 5. I think she (to read) something funny now, because she (to laugh) all the time. 6. Why you all (to stand) here? What (to go) on? 7. At whom you (to look) so attentively. 8. Uma still (to work) in his office or she (to wait) for me downstairs? 9. The students still (to write) the test, they (not to finish) it yet.

b) Put the verbs in the dialogue in the correct tense form: Past Simple or Present Perfect. Practice the dialogue with your partner.

A: What (do) today? B: I (work) on my project. I (search) the Web for sites on e-readers. A: (find) any good ones? B: I (find) several company sites – Amazon Kindle, Kobo, PocketBook, ... but I (want) one which (compare) all the models. A: Which search engine you (use)? B: Yahoo!. You (ever use) it? A: Yes, I (try) it but I (have) more luck with Ask Jeeves. Why don't you try it? B: I (have) enough for one night. I (spend) hours on that project. A: I (not start) on mine yet. B: Yeh? I bet you (do) it all.

3. Past Continuous/ Past Simple

- 1. I saw a light in his window as I (pass) by.
- a) passed
- b) was passing
- 2. The day before yesterday as I was walking down Buxom Street, I meet Dora, an old girlfriend of mine.
- a) met
- b) was meeting

- 3. Kurd's elder brother said that he (go) to enter Oxford University
- a) waited
- b) was waiting
- 4. They (just/talk) about me when I suddenly (come) in.
- a) just talked

- a) came in
- b) were just talking
- b) was coming in
- 5. A month ago while Bob (shave) he (cut) himself.
- a) shaved

- a) cut
- b) was shaving
- b) was cutting
- 6. They (quarrel) while the (play) in the garden.
- a) quarreled

- a) played
- b) were quarrelling
- b) were playing

4. РЕКОМЕНДУЕМАЯ ЛИТЕРАТУРА

Основная литература

Для студентов

- 1. Гуреев, В. А. Английский язык. Грамматика (В2) : учебник и практикум для среднего профессионального образования / В. А. Гуреев. Москва : Издательство Юрайт, 2021. 294 с. (Профессиональное образование). ISBN 978-5-534-10481-3. Текст : электронный // Образовательная платформа Юрайт [сайт]. URL: https://urait.ru/bcode/474630
- 2. Кузьменкова, Ю. Б. Английский язык для технических колледжей (A1): учебное пособие для среднего профессионального образования / Ю. Б. Кузьменкова. Москва: Издательство Юрайт, 2021. 207 с. (Профессиональное образование). ISBN 978-5-534-12346-3. Текст: электронный // Образовательная платформа Юрайт [сайт]. URL: https://urait.ru/bcode/475659
- 3. Полубиченко, Л. В. Английский язык для колледжей (A2-B2): учебное пособие для среднего профессионального образования / А. С. Изволенская, Е. Э. Кожарская; под редакцией Л. В. Полубиченко. Москва: Издательство Юрайт, 2022. 184 с. (Профессиональное образование). ISBN 978-5-534-09287-5. Текст: электронный // Образовательная платформа Юрайт [сайт]. URL: https://urait.ru/bcode/494160

Дополнительная литература:

- 1. Агабекян И.П. Английский язык: учебное пособие для студентов образовательных учреждений среднего профессионального образования. Ростов-на-Дону: Феникс, 2020.
- 2. Гуреев, В. А. Английский язык. Грамматика (В2) : учебник и практикум для среднего профессионального образования / В. А. Гуреев. Москва : Издательство Юрайт, 2021. 294 с. (Профессиональное образование). ISBN 978-5-534-10481-3. Текст : электронный // Образовательная платформа Юрайт [сайт]. URL: https://urait.ru/bcode/474630
- 3. Иванова, О. Ф. Английский язык. Пособие для самостоятельной работы учащихся (В1 В2): учебное пособие для среднего профессионального образования / О. Ф. Иванова, М. М. Шиловская. Москва: Издательство Юрайт, 2021. 352 с. (Профессиональное образование). ISBN 978-5-534-09663-7. Текст: электронный // Образовательная платформа Юрайт [сайт]. URL: https://urait.ru/bcode/475034

Интернет-ресурсы

- 1. Научная электронная библиотека eLIBRARY.RU http://elibrary.ru
- 2. Национальная электронная библиотека https://нэб.pф/.
- 3. Энциклопедия https://www.britannica.com
- 4. Образовательная платформа https://learnenglishteens.britishcouncil.org/uk-now
- 5. Образовательная платформа https://onlinenglish.ru/fbrit/1britain.html
- 6. Интернет-словарь https://www.lingvolive.com
- 7. Интернет-словарь https://www.ldoceonline.com/dictionary
- 8. Справочник по грамматике https://engblog.ru/grammar
- 9. https://padlet.com
- 10. https://quizlet.com
- 11. https://www.youtube.com
- 12. https://www.liveworksheets.com/worksheets/en