МИНИСТЕРСТВО НАУКИ И ВЫСШЕГО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего образования «Дагестанский государственный университет»

Юридический колледж

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Фонд оценочных средств
по учебной дисциплине
ОУД.03 Иностранный язык
40.02.03 Право и судебное администрирование

Фонд оценочных средств по учебной дисциплине **ОУД.03** Иностранный язык

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Фонд оценочных средств дисциплины одобрен на заседании кафедры естественнонаучных и гуманитарных дисциплин ЮК ДГУ.

Протокол № 1 от «31» августа 2018 г.

0.3ав. кафедрой _____/Саидов А.Г./

Паспорт фонда оценочных средств по дисциплине Английский язык I. Общие положения

В результате освоения дисциплины обучающийся должен уметь:

- общаться (устно и письменно) на иностранном языке на профессиональные и повседневные темы;
- переводить (со словарем) иностранные тексты профессиональной направленности;
- самостоятельно совершенствовать устную и письменную речь, пополнять словарный запас.

В результате освоения дисциплины обучающийся должен знать:

• лексический (1200 - 1400 лексических единиц) и грамматический минимум, необходимый для чтения и перевода (со словарем) иностранных текстов профессиональной направленности.

Результатом освоения программы является также освоение студентами общих компетенций и /или профессиональных компетенций (их компонентов, составных частей)

Таблина 1

	Таолица т		
Код и название компетенций	Раздел, тема	Компоненты, составные части ОК и ПК	
ОК 1. Понимать сущность и социальную значимость своей будущей профессии, проявлять к ней устойчивый интерес.	1 курс 5.1. 5. 2. 5. 3. 5.4. 5.5 5. 6. 6.1 6.2. 6.3 5.1. 5. 2. 5. 3. 5.4. 5. 6. 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6	ОК 1. Осознавать сущность своей будущей профессии	
ОК 2. Организовывать собственную деятельность, выбирать типовые методы и способы выполнения профессиональных задач, оценивать их эффективность и качество.	5.7	ОК 2. Уметь организовывать собственную деятельность	
ОК 3. Принимать решения в стандартных и нестандартных ситуациях и нести за них ответственность.	5.4	ОК 3.Уметь принимать решения в стандартных и нестандартных ситуациях.	
ОК 4. Осуществлять поиск и использование информации, необходимой для эффективного выполнения профессиональных задач, профессионального и личностного развития.	5.4. 5.5 5. 6. 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6	ОК 4. Уметь работать с литературой, осуществлять поиск информации огласно предложенной теме	
ОК 5. Использовать информационно- коммуникационные технологии в профессиональной деятельности.	5.1. 5. 2. 5.4. 5.5 6.1	ОК5. Уметь извлекать и анализировать информацию изИнтернет источников, применять и закреплять полученные знания на практике.	
ОК 6. Работать в коллективе и команде, эффективно общаться с коллегами, руководством, потребителями.	5.1.	ОК 6.Владеть различными социальными ролями; уметь работать в команде при составлении диалогов	

ОК 7. Брать на себя ответственность за работу членов команды (подчиненных), результат выполнения заданий.	6.1	ОК 7.Брать ответственность за эффективный результат выполнения задания
ОК 8. Самостоятельно определять задачи профессионального и личностного развития, заниматься самообразованием, осознанно планировать повышение квалификации.	5.3	ОК 8.Совершенствовать и регулировать личностную и предметную рефлексию; владеть культурой родного языка.
ОК 9. Ориентироваться в условиях частой смены технологий в профессиональной деятельности.	6.2 6.3 6.4. 6.5 6.6	ОК 9.Создавать и разрешать проблемные ситуации; уметь адаптироваться к новым условиям.
ОК 10. Исполнять воинскую обязанность, в том числе с применением полученных профессиональных знаний (для юношей).	6.4, 6.5, 6.6	ОК 10. Знать и соблюдать требования преподавателя; следовать инструкциям преподавателя.

II. Комплекты измерительных материалов

2.1. Контрольно-оценочные средства

1. Паспорт оценочных средств контрольной точки № 1

В результате оценки осуществляется проверка следующих объектов:

Таблица 2

Знать понятие Задание на В соответсвие с Практические Лексико-	
«интернационализмы» , уметь определять интернациональтные слова в контексте юридического текста, знать определение эквивалента, аналога Знать конструкции сопоставление рус ских и английских эквивалентов Страмматические структуры с Сотреховјест/Сотреховать конструкции ответов В соответсвие с эталоном ответов	ния Показатели Критерии Тип задания Форма аттестации
уметь определять интернациональтные слова в контексте юридического текста, знать определение эквивалента, аналога Знать конструкции ских и английских эквивалентов В соответсвие с эталоном ответов Сотруктуры с Сотруктуры с Сотруктуры с Сотруктуры с Сотруктуры с Сотруктуры с Сотруктуры ответов	Задание на В соответсвие с Практические Лексико-
Сотрых subject (сложное дополнение+инфинитив	Задание на сопоставление рус ских и английских эталоном ответов В соответсвие с эталоном ответов В соответсвие с эталоном ответов Срамматические структуры с Соmplexobject/Complexsubject

2. Форма текущего контроля и процедура проведения

Контрольная точка № 1 проводится по темам 5.1, 5.2, 5.3 («Право и организация социального обеспечения» и «Правоохранительная деятельность») в форме лексико-грамматического теста согласно Технологической карте, утверждённой 13.11.12. Тест включает в себя 2 варианта по 6 практических заданий. Выполнение теста предполагает использование англо-русского и русско-английского словарей. На выполнение теста отводится 60 минут во время занятия. Свои варианты ответов студенты заносят в бланки ответов (Π риложение I). Итоги работы оформляются в Протоколе текущего контроля (Π риложение I.)

3. Система и критерии оценок результатов текущей аттестации

Каждый тест содержит 6 заданий. За каждое правильно выполненное задание ставится 10 баллов. Для успешного выполнения теста обучающимся необходимо набрать от 55-60 баллов.

Таблица 3

Диапазон	Описание опенек
оценки в	Описание оценок

баллах	
55 - 60	Отлично- «5» - теоретическое содержание материала освоено полностью, без пробелов, необходимые практические навыки работы с освоенным материалом в основном сформированы, все предусмотренные программой обучения учебные задания выполнены, качество выполнения большинства из них оценено числом баллов, близким к максимальному.
35-40	Хорошо- «4» - теоретическое содержание материала освоено полностью, без пробелов, некоторые практические навыки работы с освоенным материалом сформированы недостаточно, все предусмотренные программой обучения учебные задания выполнены, качество выполнения ни одного из них не оценено минимальным числом баллов, некоторые виды заданий выполнены с ошибками.
25-30	Удовлетворительно-«3» - теоретическое содержание материала освоено частично, но пробелы не носят существенного характера, необходимые практические навыки работы с освоенным материалом в основном сформированы, большинство предусмотренных программой обучения учебных заданий выполнено, некоторые из выполненных заданий, содержат ошибки.
Менее 25	неудовлетворительно-«2» - теоретическое содержание материала освоено частично, необходимые практические навыки работы не сформированы, большинство предусмотренных программой обучения учебных заданий не выполнено, либо качество их выполнения оценено числом баллов, близким к минимальному; при дополнительной самостоятельной работе над материалом курса возможно повышение качества выполнения учебных заданий.

2.1. Контрольно-оценочные средства І вариант

1) Прочитайте приведенные ниже тексты. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполнитепропускиполученнымисловами.

содержанию текста. Заполнитепропускиполученнымисловами. Peter's mother was a very busy woman. She was out at work all day. When she came home she had to cook dinner for Peter and his dad. Peter always wanted a sweet alter his meal but he 1 NOT GET one because his mother never had time to make one. **BRING** Other times she forgot. "You 3 **HAVE** just to do without," she told Peter then. "Vernon's mum bakes cakes and biscuits every week, " grumbled Peter. "I don't care!" replied his mother. "Vernon's mum doesn't have to go out to work". When Peter visited his friend Vernon one evening, Vernon 4 homemade apple pie. **EAT** He gave Peter a slice. It was delicious. "My mum 5 WORK always," complained Peter, "so she never makes us any sweets." The next evening, after school,

Peter took Vernon to his home where a surprise was waiting for them. "What's that chocolate smell?" said Vernon as they entered the hall.

A large chocolate cake 6 and left on the kitchen BAKE
table together with a note: "I 7 shopping. GO
Back soon. Enjoy the cake! Mum". "Wow!" said Vernon,
between mouthfuls, "This is even better than Mum's apple pie!"
2) Образуйтепрошедшуюформуданныхглаголов
Act, happen, admit, delay, apply, boil, escape, suffer, try, stop, repair, annoy
3) Раскройтескобки, ставяглаголв Past Simple /Past Continuous
1) When I gave them the sandwiches, they(eat) them all
2) When I saw the rat, it(run) through the kitchen
3) when I walked in, I (not recognize) you straight away
4) when she was living in Tokyo, she(send) me an e-mail every week
5) she decided to go walk faster because she(get) cold
4) Выберитеправильныйответ
1. While Toma book, MarhtaTV.
a) was reading, watched c) was reading, was watching
b) read, watched d) read, was watching
2. We called our friends in London yesterday to tell them about the reunion that we
a) will plan c) plan
b) were planning d) have planned
3.I feel terrible. I think Ito be sick.
a) will c) am going
b) go d) will be going
5) Соотнесите английские слова с русскими эквивалентами
1.To work for a company / a person a) Важныйчеловек, ключеваяфигура (персона)
2.To meetsmb b) Страна-производитель вина
3.To specializeinsmth/indoingsmth с) Ездить из пригорода в город на работу
4.A wine-producing country d) Специализироваться в чём-либо
5.A keyperson e) Быть родом из
6.A businesstrip f) Возглавлять компанию (руководить проекто
7. To run a company (a project) g) Конкурировать с кем-либо
8. То come from h) Познакомиться с кем-либо
9. To commute from to i) Работать на компанию / человека
10. To compete with smb j) Командировка
6) Переведите с русского на английский язык
1. Когда вы закончили школу?

2. Если она придет, я тебе позвоню.

3. Они должны вернуться в понедельник.

- 4. Он увлекается плаванием.
- 5. Когда мы пришли, фильм уже начался.

2 вариант

1) Прочитайте приведенные ниже тексты. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполнитепропускиполученнымисловами.

Jerry stared worriedly out of the window. He had been up studying
most of the night and now his exam was about to start Even though he
had revised the same things again and again, he wasn't at all sure how
1he would be. It had been his decision to SUCCEED
lake this 2 programming course, but that didn't OPTION
mean he wasn't eager to pass. In fact, he wanted to get a good mark as
he had hopes of becoming a software 3
Jerry's golden opportunity but he felt his hand shaking as he picked up
his pen to write his name on the paper. The exam was particularly
4. as he knew his future career might be at stake. FRIGHT
He took a deep breath as he opened the exam paper that was handed to
him. This was the moment of truth. Then he gave a little gasp of
5 He knew the answers to all the questions; BELIEF
all last night's revision had paid off. He was going to do just fine!
2) Образуйтепрошедшуюформуданныхглаголов
Begin, fly, run, win, buy, give, spend, come, lose, take, put, feel, grow
3) Раскройте скобки, ставя глагол в правильное время
I(watch) Frank de la Selva on TV last night.
I(watch) Frank de la Selva on TV last night. She(visit) the Prado Museum.
I(watch) Frank de la Selva on TV last night. She(visit) the Prado Museum. I(met) my best friend when I was 6.
I
I(watch) Frank de la Selva on TV last night. She(visit) the Prado Museum. I(met) my best friend when I was 6. When(see) Borja? I(finish) my maths homework yet.
I
I(watch) Frank de la Selva on TV last night. She(visit) the Prado Museum. I(met) my best friend when I was 6. When(see) Borja? I(finish) my maths homework yet.
I(watch) Frank de la Selva on TV last night. She(visit) the Prado Museum. I(met) my best friend when I was 6. When(see) Borja? I(finish) my maths homework yet. 4) Выберитеправильныйответ 1. Mr Smith said he will call you back4pm. 1. until 2. in
I
I(watch) Frank de la Selva on TV last night. She(visit) the Prado Museum. I(met) my best friend when I was 6. Whenyou(see) Borja? I(finish) my maths homework yet. 4) Выберитеправильныйответ 1. Mr Smith said he will call you back4pm. 1. until 2. in 3. by 4. on
I
I(watch) Frank de la Selva on TV last night. She(visit) the Prado Museum. I
I
I(watch) Frank de la Selva on TV last night. She(visit) the Prado Museum. I(met) my best friend when I was 6. When
I(watch) Frank de la Selva on TV last night. She(visit) the Prado Museum. I(met) my best friend when I was 6. When
I(watch) Frank de la Selva on TV last night. She(visit) the Prado Museum. I(met) my best friend when I was 6. When
I(watch) Frank de la Selva on TV last night. She(visit) the Prado Museum. I(met) my best friend when I was 6. When

5) Соотнесите английские слова с русскими эквивалентами

1.To make a phone call

2. To make an arrangement

3.To doactivities

4.To have a flexitime

5.To communicate with smb 6.To make an appointment

7.To come to visit smb 8.To decrease a risk

9.To increase costs

10.To look forward to doing smth

11. An experienceinsmth/doingsmth

а) Навещатького-либо

b) Увеличивать(ся) издержки

с)Назначить (договориться о) встречу

d)Заниматься разными видами деятельности

е) Опытвчём-либо

f) Сделатьзвонок

g) Уменьшать риск

h) Договариваться

і) Общатьсяскем-либо

і) Иметьгибкий (скользящий) графикработы

k) Ждать с нетерпением чего-либо

6. Переведите с русского на английский язык

- 1. Москва была основана Юрием Долгоруким.
- 2. Небо темное, может пойти дождь.
- 3. Мы не знали, что он собирается нас навестить.
- 4. Кто знает прогноз погоды на завтра?
- 5. Нам не пришлось долго ждать их.

4. Бланк ответов

Бланк ответов студентов находится в Приложении 1.

6. Протокол результатов текущего контроля

Протокол результатов текущего контроля находится в Приложении 2.

2.2. Комплект измерительных материалов текущего контроля

1. Паспорт оценочных средств контрольной точки № 2

В результате оценки осуществляется проверка следующих объектов:

Таблица 5

Объекты оценивания	Показатели	Критерии	Тип задания
Знать: грамматические			Практические
формы глаголов, систему времен в английском языке Уметь: распознавать	Видовременные формы группы	Четкое разграничение видовременных форм, правильный выбор лексических единиц по	задания
залоги в предложениях (старательный, действительный), ориентироваться во временных формах		контекстуальному значению	
глагола			

2. Форма текущего контроля и процедура проведения

Контрольная точка № 2 проводится по темам 5.4 – 5.5 «Безличные предложения. Конструкции с thereis/thereare, «Социальное обеспечение в Великобритании. Словообразование») в форме проверочного теста согласно Технологической карте, утверждённой 14.12.12. Проверочный тест состоит из 2-х вариантов, включает в себя 3 блока заданий в каждом блоке по 10 субзаданий лексико-грамматического характера. На выполнение теста отводится 60 минут. При выполнении заданий студентам разрешается пользоваться словарём.

Свои варианты ответов студенты заносят в бланки ответов (Приложение 3). Итоги проверочного теста оформляются в протокол результатов текущего контроля (Приложение 4).

3. Система и критерии оценок результатов текущей аттестации

Субзадания проверочного теста состоят из 30 заданий, за каждое правильно выполненное задание, соответствующее эталону, студент получает 2 балла. Для успешного написания проверочного теста обучающимся необходимо набрать 60 баллов

Таблица 6

	тиолици у
Диапазон оценки в баллах	Описание оценок
56- 60	Отлично- «5» - теоретическое содержание материала освоено полностью, без пробелов, необходимые практические навыки работы с освоенным материалом в основном сформированы, все предусмотренные программой обучения учебные задания выполнены, качество выполнения большинства из них оценено числом баллов, близким к максимальному.
46-48	Хорошо-«4» - теоретическое содержание материала освоено полностью, без пробелов, некоторые практические навыки работы с освоенным материалом сформированы недостаточно, все предусмотренные программой обучения учебные задания выполнены, качество выполнения ни одного из них не оценено минимальным числом баллов, некоторые виды заданий выполнены с ошибками.
34-40	Удовлетворительно-«З» - теоретическое содержание материала освоено частично, но пробелы не носят существенного характера, необходимые практические навыки работы с освоенным материалом в основном сформированы, большинство предусмотренных программой обучения учебных заданий выполнено, некоторые из выполненных заданий, содержат ошибки.
Менее 34	Условно неудовлетворительно- «2» - теоретическое содержание материала освоено частично, необходимые практические навыки работы не сформированы, большинство предусмотренных программой обучения учебных заданий не выполнено, либо качество их выполнения оценено числом баллов, близким к минимальному; при дополнительной самостоятельной работе над материалом курса возможно повышение качества выполнения учебных заданий.

4. Пакет заданий

		1вариант
1. Выберите прав	зильный вар	риант ответа
1. The north-east of E	England was fa	amous for shipbuilding industry.
a) his	b) its	c) her
2. A man can leave .	jo	ob and look for another one that suits him.
a) his	b) your	c) her
3. Some farm worker	rs get most of	work in summer.
a) its	b) their	c) her
4. She explain how s	she had lost	job.
a) my	b) your	c) her
5. A nation's wealth	depended on	owning precious metals.
a) its	b) my	c) their
6. Merchants were p	eople who ma	ade money through the buying and
selling goods.		
a) his	b) your	c) their
7. When you have co	ollected the ev	vidence, you are ready to test theory.
a)	b) your	c) its
8. Each good has	own	utility value for the consumer.
a) their	b) its	c) my
9. The price of good	ds is not alway	ys the same as real cost.
a) their	b) its	c) my
10.Consumers wan	t satisfaction	from resources (time and
money).		
a) her	b) its	c) their
2. Выберите подхо	дящее по см	ыслу слово

-	get at college		sities.	
	edge b) knowledge money in the form of b		d coins	
a) are	b) is	anknotes an	d coms.	
<i>w)</i>	0) 10			
2. Выберите нужную фо	рму глагола <i>tobe:</i>			
1. There fi	ive people in my family.			
a) are b) is	3			
2 there mu	ch mail on the desk?			
a) are b) i				
	no contracts on the desk.			
a) are b)				
	. much new equipment at the	ne plant.		
a) are	b) is			
5. There a	big rise in the cost of living	<u>.</u>		
a) has been b))·		
,				
	a flight to Paris this evenir	ng?		
a) are	,			
7. There nobo	•			
,	b) is			
8. There a lot				
a) were b)				
a) willbe b	npany is leaving, so there	a nev	w manager soon	•
· ·	5, 000 employees in our con	nnany		
a) are	• . •	iipaiiy.		
u) uic	<u> 5. Бланкотве</u>	TOR		
Бланк ответов студентов	находится в Приложении			
	Протоколрезультатовте		троля	
	ов текущего контроля нах			
Комплект измерительн	ных материалов промеж	уточного к	онтроля	
	(1 курс)			
	ных средств промежуто			
в результате оценк	и осуществляется провері	са следующі	их ооъектов:	Таблица 10
				Таблица 10 Таблица 10
Объекты оценивания	Показатели	Критерии	Тип задания	Форма
O DONIDI OLCHIDANINI	110Muou i Willi	Tehnichin	тип эщини	аттестации

Знать: лексический (1200 -	В соответсвие	c	Ответ	дан	Тестовые	Экзамен
1400 лексических единиц)	эталоном ответов		верно.		задания	
минимум ,грамматические						
формы имени сущ., имени						
прилагательного, наречия,						
глаголов, систему времен						
в английском языке.						
Уметь: распозновать						
формы единственного и						
множественного числа						
имени сущ.,падежные						
формы, артикли, формы						
прилагательных и						
наречий, модальные						
глаголы, залоги в						
предложениях						
(старательный,						
действительный),						
ориентироваться во						
временных формах						
глагола,						

2. Форма итогового контроля и процедура проведения

Формой промежуточной аттестации по дисциплине согласно учебному плану является экзамен. На экзамен выносятся лексические и грамматические темы, изученные в рамках данного семестра. Каждому студенту необходимо дать ответ на тестовое задание. На подготовку ответа отводится 60 минут. Бланки ответов студентов не предусмотрены, так как студент отвечает устно. Итоги зачёта оформляются в протокол результатов промежуточного контроля (приложение 4)

3.Система и критерии оценок результатов итоговой аттестации

На экзамен выносятся лексические и грамматические темы, изученные в рамках 1-2 семестров. Каждому студенту необходимо выполнить тестовые задания выбрав один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Оценивание производится по традиционной шкале: отлично (5), хорошо (4), удовлетворительно (3), неудовлетворительно (2)

Отлично – количество правильно выполненных заданий близко к максимальному. 90%-100%

Хорошо – количество правильно выполненных заданий 70%-80%

Удовлетворительно - количество правильно выполненных заданий 60-50%

Условно неудовлетворительно - количество правильно выполненных заданий менее 50%

4. Пакет заданий

4.1. Тестовые задания

- 1. Место выполнения задания: в компьютерном классе во время экзамена.
- 2. Максимальное время выполнения задания: 60 минут.
- 3. Вы можете воспользоваться словарём.

(ключи)

- 1. Every time that I miss the bus, it means that I ... walk to work.
- A) has to
- B) have to
- C) could
- 2. Every time when I missed the bus, I ... to return home late.
- A) must

B) can C) had
3. Is there anything I do to help you? A) can B) am to C) may
4. I didn't have much time, but I visit a lot of places of interest in London. A) can B) must C) was able to
5. 1 understand this letter. Will you translate it for me? A) mustn't B) may not C) can't
6. Diana's parents don't let her go to late-night disco. She be at home at 9 o'clock in the evening. A) must B) may C) can
7. Henry apologize for his bad behaviour yesterday. A) have to B) had to C) may
8. I agree. You apologize for not inviting him to your birthday party. A) can't B) shouldn't C) mustn't
9 you give me some advice about the language courses? A) Should B) May C) Could
10. Why didn't you give me a call yesterday? We discuss everything together. A) can B) must C) could 11. The plane take off after the fog had lifted. A) can B) was able to C) may
12. Finally we stop: we were tired and it was dark. A) can B) must C) had to

13. He was happy. He pass his driving test at the first attempt. A) should B) had to C) was able to
14. At present I afford to go to the cinema twice a week. A) can't B) must not C) couldn't
15 they leave before supper or have they time to stay until my friends come? A) must B) might C) may
16. We come to your party, but it depends on our finding a babysitter. A) may B) has to C) couldn't
17 you remember what you were doing at this time yesterday? A) can B) must C) may
18. People prevent pollution of the rivers before it gets worse. A) could B) must C) need
19. If you are spoiled as a child you have a lot of problems in adult life. A) must B) could C) may
20.1 decided to have some English lessons so that I practise when I come to the US. A) can B) may C) must
21. If you telephone early next week, the secretary give you your exam results. A) may B) can C) will be able to
22. Our two are crying all the time. A) babies B) babys C) babyes
23 usually fly not very high.

A) flyes
B) flys
C) flies
24. I don't like going by car. If I have a chance, I always go on
A) foot
B) feet
C) foots
25. Those were the hanniest days of our
25. Those were the happiest days of our
A) lifes
B) lives
C) lifees
26. Leaves usually trees in autumn.
A) leave
B) leafs
C) leaves
AF D 1
27. Rock music of the 1970s is an extremely interesting cultural
A) phenomena
B) phenomenon
C) phenomens
28. I prefer natural when I want to change my hair style.
A) dies
B) dyes
C) dys
29. It is rather dangerous to walk on after the rain.
A) roofs
B) roofes
C) rooves
C) 100VCS
30. Dentists recommend using twice a day: in the morning and in the evening.
A) tooth`s paste
B) toothpaste
C) teeth`s paste
C) teeth s paste
31 are flowers of life.
A) Childs
B) Children
C) Childrens
C) Childrens
32. 50 of oil leaked out of the tanker into the sea.
A) Tones
B) Tons
· ·
C) Tonns
33 in our house are so annoying. We definitely need a cat.
A) Mouses
B) Mices

C) Mice
34. My little son is afraid of grey (волков) that come at night. A) wolfys
B) wolvies
C) wolves
35. No news good news.
A) is
B) are
C) am
36. These potatoes weigh five
A) kiloes
B) kilos
C) killoes
37. What do you need these for?
A) knives
B) knifes
C) knifs
38. My new Swiss watch 3 minutes slow.
A) is
B) are
C) am
39. Big don't cry.
A) boys
B) boyes
C) boies
40. The naughty kid likes throwing rotten at passers-by.
A) tomatos
B) tomatoes
C) tommatos
41. There is no piano in the
A) bushes
B) bushs
C) bushies
42 British Isles include two big islands (Great Britain and Ireland) and nearly 6000 small islands.
A) The
B) –
C) A
43. Vesuvius destroyed the Roman city of Pompeii in AD 79.
A)The
B)-
C)A

44. As Balkan Peninsula is very mountainous, a lot of mineral deposits are found there. A)the B)- C)a
45 North Pole is the northernmost point on Earth, which is located in the middle of the Arctic Ocean. A)The B)- C)A
46 South Pole is situated on the continent of Antarctica. A)The B)- C)A
47. The national currency of Jamaica is the Jamaican dollar. A)the B)- C)a
48. The South Pole is situated in Antarctic. A)the D)- C)an
49. We want to go to Crimea next summer. A)the B)- C)a
50. The flora of Madagascar includes 14,883 unique plant species. A)the B)- C)a
51. The official language of Netherlands is Dutch. A)The B)- C)A
52 Amazon is the second longest river in the world. A)The B)- C)An
53 United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland occupies the British Isles. A)The B)- C)An

54 Greenland is the world's largest island. A)The B)- C)A
55 Pacific Ocean is the largest ocean on the Earth. A)The B)- C)A
56. There are 30 bridges over Thames in London. A)the B)- C)a
57 Cyprus used to be a British colony until 1960. A)The B)- C)A
58 Suez Canal connects the Mediterranean Sea and the Red Sea. A)The B)- C)A
59 Kilimanjaro is the tallest mountain in Africa. A)The B)- C)A
60. One of the most developed countries is United Arab Emirates. A)the B)- C)an
61 Sun is insky. A) The, a B) The, the C), a
62. WhatJohn doing? A) does B) do C) is
63. John and Mary the radio.A) are listening on the radio.B) is listening on the radio.C) are listening to the radio.
64. Bill and I here.

A) we're

- B) we are C) are A) she is
- 65. Sarah, what ... doing?
- B) are you
- C) are

66. Mary's ... the garden.

- A) in
- B) at
- C) on

67. Are there six books on the table?

- A) no, there's the one
- B) no, there are any
- C) no, there are three.

68. Tom often sings, but

- A) Sarah sings?
- B) Sarah does?
- C) does Sarah?

69. Tony is looking at

- A) she
- B) he
- C) her

70. Who's that boy?

- A) Is Bill?
- B) It's Tom
- C) It's a boy.

71. Where's the book?

- A) There's it.
- B) It's here.
- C) He's under the table.

72. He ... some new shoes last month.

- A) bought
- B) buying
- C) buy

73. What's his name?

- A) It's name Jack
- B) It's Jack
- C) It's Jack's name.

74. Do you dance or draw?

- A) I'm dance but I'm not draw.
- B) I dance but I don't draw.
- C) I'm dancing but I not drawing.

75. Is that horse big?

- A) No, it's little horse.
- B) No, that's little horse.
- C) No, it isn't.

76. What's her brother doing?

- A) Playing football.
- B) He playing football.
- C) Is playing football.

77. The lamp is ... the TV-set.

- A) at;
- B) next to;
- C) near of

78. Sarah ... cat.

- A) haves some
- B) has some
- C) has a

79. Tom and Ann ... the table.

- A) are sitting in;
- B) are sitting at;
- C) is sitting on

80. What's that man?

- A) He's my brother
- B) It's an old man.
- C) He's a teacher

81. Do they live in England?

- A) Yes, they live.
- B) Yes, they live in it.
- C) No, they don't.

82. 140 is

- A) one hundred forty;
- B) one hundred and forty;
- C) one hundred and fourteen

83. Does father read the newspaper?

- A) No, he doesn't;
- B) No, he not read;
- C) No, he reads not.

84. That's Jane. She

- A) has hair long;
- B) have long hair;
- C) has long hair

85. Where ... standing?

- A) is they;
- B) are they;
- C) do they

86. Are ... brothers?

- A) those big boys;
- B) some those big boys;
- C) big boys those

87. Do you know Peter?

- A) Yes, I know;
- B) Yes, I do;
- C) No, don't know.

88. Bill ... play tomorrow.

- A) going to;
- B) is going to;
- C) can to

89. Bill is in front of Carrie. Carrie is ... Bill.

- A) behind;
- B) between;
- C) beside

90. Do Mr. and Mrs. Brown live in England?

- A) Yes, they do live.
- B) Yes, they live.
- C) Yes, they do

91. Mrs. Johnson is washing the girl's hair.

- A) He is washing their hair.
- B) She is washing her hair.
- C) She is washing their hair.

92. There ... in the classroom but only one teacher.

- A) much pupils;
- B) a lot of people;
- C) a lot of pupils

93. The sun ... in the East.

- A) is always rising;
- B) rises always;
- C) always rises

94. Which books ...?

- A) John likes:
- B) does John like;
- C) likes John

95. There isn't ... at the bus-stop.

- A) anybody;
- B) people;

C) somebody

96. Kim and Fred ... home.

- A) are at home;
- B) they are in;
- C) are in

97. What colour are your new shoes?

- A) They are brown colour;
- B) They're brown;
- C) They are colour brown.

98. How ... from London to Gatwick?

- A) to go;
- B) we can go;
- C) can we go

99. ... don't like milk.

- A) Some people;
- B) Somebody;
- C) Any people

100. Did you visit Canada last year?

- A) No, I've never been there.
- B) No, I never was there.
- C) No, I went never there.

101. Sally is ... Paul.

- A) as tall than;
- B) as tall as;
- C) so tall as

102. Do you like that shop? Yes, I ... every week.

- A) come there;
- B) come here;
- C) go there

103. Сколько тебе лет?

- A) How is your age?
- B) How old are you?
- C) What age have you got?

104. What time ... breakfast?

- A) does Mary have the;
- B) has Mary;
- C) does Mary have

105. His mother will come at 8 o'clock ... evening.

- A) of this;
- B) this;
- C) on this

106. ... to Scotland last month?

- A) Did Andrew go;
- B) Was Andrew;
- C) Has Andrew gone

107. My brother ... to play football tomorrow.

- A) is going;
- B) can
- C) will

108. The party will start ... Saturday.

- A) on 8 o'clock at;
- B) 8 o'clock at;
- C) at 8 o'clock on

109. What ... on Saturdays?

- A) Ken usually does;
- B) does Ken usually do;
- C) usually does Ken do

110. Millie ... make some cakes tomorrow.

- A) is going to;
- B) want to;
- C) can to

111. Norman gave

- A) the flowers me.
- B) my flowers.
- C) me the flowers.

112. Where ...?

- A) Mary works;
- B) does Mary work;
- B) does Mary works

113. Who ...?

- A) does Tom usually help?
- B) Tom does usually help?
- C) usually Tom helps?

114. Did your brother go to England last year?

- A) No, he did never go there.
- B) No, he never was there.
- C) No, he has never gone there

115. Have you been to Egypt? Yes, I ... in 1965.

- A) went there
- B) came there
- C) gone there

116. Ann is older

A) as Mary

- B) than Mary
- C) than Mary is

117. Whose house is this?

- A) our
- B) ours
- C) ours one

118. Laura's ... her sister.

- A) very taller than
- B) very taller than
- C) much taller than

119. Nelly's a girl ... long hair.

- A) with some
- B) with her
- C) with

120. What time ... dinner?

- A) Peter has?
- B) does Peter have?
- C) does Peter has?

121. I feel fine today because I ...

- A) have gone to bed early tonight
- B) have gone to bed early last night
- C) went to bed early last night

122. Has Susan got the money? Yes, John ... yesterday.

- A) gave it to her
- B) give it her
- C) to give them to her

123. Tomorrow my sister ... late.

- A) come home
- B) will come at home
- C) will come home

124. What's your husband?

- A) I haven't got any.
- B) This is him.
- C) He's a doctor.

125. Here are three books. ... like best?

- A) Which book do you
- B) What book do you like
- C) Which of book you.

126. The old man ... the stairs.

- A) come out of
- B) came down
- C) came off

127. Have you been to Scotland?

- A) Not ever
- B) Not yet
- C) Not never

128. Has Jack got his books now? Yes, my brother ... yesterday.

- A) gave them to him
- B) has given them to him
- C) gave to him them

129. ... to Ireland last year?

- A) Mary went
- B) Did Mary go
- C) Was Mary

130. Where ... in the summer?

- A) usually Lena goes
- B) does Lena usually go
- C) usually does Lena go

131. Donald ... sixteen tomorrow.

- A) going to be
- B) shall be
- C) will be

132. Can this camera ... good photos?

- A) make
- B) take
- C) to take

133. Who was the first person ... today?

- A) spoke to you
- B) you spoke to
- C) you spoke

134. ... at the moment, I'll go to the shop.

- A) For it is not raining
- B) As it doesn't rain
- C) As it isn't raining

135. What time does the bus ... Bradford?

- A) go away for
- B) leave to
- C) leave for

136. Nick constantly ... late for his lesson.

- A) comes
- B) is coming
- C) came

137. Our daughter

A) was born since 3 years

- B) was born 3 years ago C) is born since 3 years ago
- 138. When ... English?
- A) has he begun to study
- B) did he begin to study
- C) did he begin study

139. Please, ask ... and see the car.

- A) Bill to come
- B) to Bill come
- C) Bill come

140. When ... a game of football.

- A) had you last
- B) did you last have
- C) did you have last

141. There's not much news in today's paper, ...?

- A) isn't it
- B) is there
- C) aren't there

142. Let's not ... tonight.

- A) to go somewhere
- B) go to somewhere
- C) go anywhere

143. I like bacon and eggs

- A) for breakfast
- B) for the breakfast
- C) with the breakfast

144. I ... home at half past six.

- A) was at
- B) come at
- C) arrive in

145. Where ... yesterday?

- A) went you
- B) have you been
- C) were you

146. Somebody ... in the next room.

- A) to sing
- B) are singing
- C) is singing

147. Mom ... two apple pies this morning.

- A) baked
- B) has baked
- C) have baked

A) flies B) flew C) had flown
151. Russia is country in the world.A) the strongestB) the largestC) the most large
152. Great Britainby the Northern Sea. A) is washing B) was washed C) is washed
153) In its narrowest part the English Channel is calledA) La MancheB) the ThamesC) the Straight of Dover
154. The UK consists of parts. A) three B) four C) five
155. Northern Ireland is a part ofA) Great BritainB) the UKC) the Irish Republic
156. People living in Scotland are calledA) IrishB) ScottishC) English
157. The United Kingdom is a monarchy. A) absolute B) state C) constitutional
158. The island of Great Britain is surrounded water. A) by

150. She always ... to Moscow when she was a head of the company.

148. She ... all her money on sweets.

149. My sister ... in a serious firm last year.

A) has spentB) spentC) to spend

A) worked B) works

C) was working

- B) from C) with 159. The climate on the British Isles is generally A) severe B) continental C) mild 160. The longest river in the UK is A) the Thames
- B) the Severn
- C) Thames

161. Russia ... a vast territory.

- A) occupies
- B) occupy
- C) is occupied

162. The arctic climate is ... one.

- A) cold
- B) the coldest
- C) the cold

163. The USA ... by the Pacific Ocean and the Atlantic Ocean.

- A) was surrounded
- B) surrounded
- C) is surrounded

164. Slavery was ... in the USA in 1865.

- A) abolished
- B) diminished
- C) restricted

165. The wealth of new Zealand ... agricultural activities.

- A) due to
- B) due
- C) is due to

166. Australia is the ... manufacturer of wool.

- A) world's leading
- B) country leading
- C) most leading

167. The USA ... Canada.

- A) borders with
- B) borders
- C) borders on

168. Arbat is ... street of Moscow.

- A) the longest
- B) the most famous
- C) the most long

169. Turner is a A) English artist B) American painter C) British poet 170. The City is the ... of the UK. A) financial center B) Stock Exchange C) heart 171. Moscow is ... city in Russia. A) the largest B) large C) the larger 172. Moscow was founded ... Yury Dolgoruky. A) by B) – C) with 173. ... can't call London a typical English city. A) Nobody B) One C) Somebody 174. Washington, DC is unique in ... way. A) its own B) one's C) his own way 175. Washington is situated ... Potomac River. A) on the B) on C) at the 176. The best way to go around NY is A) by foot B) on feet C) on foot 177. Tourists come ... the State of Liberty. A) seeing B) to see C) see 178. Traffic on even-numbered streets ... east. A) travel B) is travelling C) travels

179. The word "downtown" ... the city centre in NY.

183. He ... many awards, including an Academy Award. A) won B) had win C) win 184. Turner received ... no general education. A) almost B) none C) neither 185. A landscape is a picture of A) people B) still life C) countryside 186. Dodgson often ... children with different stories. A) entertained B) told C) said 187. The story was so good that A) they asks to publish it B) they asked to publish them C) they asked to publish it 188. Alice in Wonderland was ... by Lewis Carroll. A) the best book B) a best book C) the most best book 189. "Quality" newspapers publish analytical articles on ... topics. A) different B) sensational

A) connotes

B) doesn't connoteC) don't connote

A) about himselfB) on himselfC) of his own

A) a failureB) failureC) the failure

A) uncredibleB) incredibleC) incredit

182. "Cats" was an ... hit.

180. Weber started writing music

181. The first Weber's performance was

C) serious
190. The newspapers issued on Sundays are called A) Sunday supplements
B) weekend papers
C) tabloids
C) tabibits
191. Fleet Street was known as home for many
A) newspapers
B) television programmes
C) TV stars
103 All UN Manchaus Cartes - Str. de Commel Assemble
192. All UN Members States in the General Assembly.
A) represent
B) are presented
C) present
193. The League of Nations was the of the UNO.
A) forerunner
B) forefather
C) starting point
194. The island of Great Britain is divided three parts.
A) into
B) to
C) in
195. Broadway is the street in New York with many sights.
A) longer
B) longest
C) most long
C) most rong
196. The UN emphasis of its human rights work to the implementation of human rights
laws.
A) is shifting
B) are shifting
C) will shift
197 recent years, a special effort has been made to reach decisions through consensus.
A) on
B) in
C) with in
198. The League of Nations ceased its activities after to prevent the Second World War.
A) stopping
B) fail
C) failing
199. Franklin D. Roosevelt was the first the term "United Nations".
A) use
B) to use
C) used

	ember of the UN has
A) one vote	
B) two votes	
C) three vote	S
201. Where	on holidays?
A) you go	
B) do you go	
C) do you go	ing
D) are you g	0
202. I	lots of books every year.
A) will read	• •
B) am readir	g
C) read	
D) am going	to read
203. We	to a party next Saturday.
A) go	to a party ment outditudy.
B) goes	
C) are going	
D) went	
D) Wellt	
204 t	o go out tonight?
A) Do you w	
B) Are you v	
C) Is you wa	
D) Would yo	
205 E	4 F 20
-	norning Tessa at 7.30.
A) is getting	up
B) got up	
C) get up	
D) gets up	
206. Oh, sor	neone in my seat!
A) is sitting	
B) sits	
C) will sit	
D) sit	
207. I'm sor	ry. I can't help you at the moment. I dinner.
A) will cook	
B) am cooki	
C) cook	***
D) cooked	
208 In Brite	oin neonle on the right
	ain people on the right.
A) are driving	ξ.
B) drives	
C) drive D) drove	
U) alove	

A) are you doing B) do you do C) you do D) are you do	in your free time?
210. Jack's a poli A) doesn't wear B) isn't wearing C) no wear D) wears	iceman but he a uniform.
211. The teacher a) she b)her c) he d)it	is helping to translate the text.
212. My friend is a) me b)she c) I d)it	going to write a letter to today.
213. This book is a) she b)they c) I d)them	not suitable for
214. Victor is a d a) she b)I c) he d)they	octor works in hospital.
215. I met at the a) they b)them c) he d)she	ne station.
216. He addresse a) he me b)him I c) him me d)he I	d his speech to not to
217. The pencils a) they I b)them I	are on the table. Give to, please.

c) they me d)them me
218. This magazine is for a) you b)he c) she d)they
219. Where is Elena? is in the garden. a) he b)she c) you d)they
220. He saw at the party. a) they b)he c) theirs d)us
221. I phoned the plumber because I smell gas in the kitchen. A) can B)could C)managed to D)couldn't
222. I phoned yesterday, but I get an answer. Where were you? A) can B)could C)managed to D)couldn't
223. The neighbors were having a row, and I hear every word they said. A) can B)could C) managed to D)couldn't
224. Speak up! I hear you! A) can B)could C) can't D) couldn't
225. I'd love help you, but I can't. I'm sorry. A) can B)could C) managed to D)to be able to
226. Women vote in England until 1922.

A) can B) are able to C) managed to D) couldn't
227. I'm learning Spanish because I want speak when I'm in Mexico. A) can
B)could
C) will be able to
D) to be able to
228. The doctor says I walk again in two weeks' time.
A) can
B)could
C) will be able to
D) to be able to
229. I'm sorry, but I come to your party next week. A) can't
B)couldn't
C) can
D) 'll be able to
b) If be uble to
230. I love driving! drive has changed my whole life.
A) Can
B) Could
C) Will be able to
D) Being able to
231 you speak Spanish?
A) May
B) Are
C) Can
D)Is
232. A: I go? B: Yes, you can. A) Could
B) Am
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
C) Need
D) Did
233. My grandfather speak four languages when he was alive.
A) can
B)could
C) managed to
D) couldn't
224 The police find the man who had stalen my say He was sent to misse
234. The police find the man who had stolen my car. He was sent to prison.
A) can
B) could
C) managed to
D) couldn't

235 y	ou find all the things you wanted at the shops?
A) Did / have	
B)Did / can	
C) Did / man	age to
D) Did / coul	
236. If you h	ad video, you record it yourself tonight.
A) could	
B)can	
C) must	
D) may	
,	get the 9.45 train. You could get the 9.55 and still arrive in time.
A) don't have	
B) mustn't	
C) should	
<i>'</i>	
D) had better	
238 Vou	be hungry. You've just had dinner.
A) aren't	be nungry. Tou ve just had diffile.
B)can't	
C) may	
D) must	
D) iliust	
239. You	be hungry. You had no lunch.
A) can't	~~
B) shouldn't	
C) must	
D) couldn't	
b) couldn't	
240. A: Is th	is a 24 bus coming?
	I can't see the number yet.
A) might	
B)can't	
C) may not	
D) must	
D) must	
241. I'll	go now.
A) should	_ ~
B)must	
C) have to	
D) ought to	
, 8	
242. You	get the 8.45 train. It doesn't stop at Yorkshire.
A) had better	
B) mustn't	
C) should	
D) don't have	e to
040 N	4 4 1 174
	go near that dog! It's very dangerous.
A) may not	to
B)don't have	l0
C) mustn't	

D) needn't
244. A: I've got toothache. B: You'd go to the dentist.
A) better
B)should
C) used to
D) must
2)
245. Betty has a temperature. She be ill.
A) had better
B)used to
C) can not
D)must
2)
246. Good morning sir, what I do for you?
A) would
B) can
C) shall
D) must
2)
247 careful! You are making mistakes.
A) Be
B) Must
C) Do
D) Did
248. I missed the bus this morning so I walk to school.
A) have to
B) must
C) had to
D) ought
249. This be the right road. There is no other way.
A) had better
B) must
C) have to
D) would rather
250 you help me with my homework?
A) Are
B) May
C) Can
D) Need
251. Take a sweater with you. It get cold later.
A) won't
B) might
C) would
,
D) need
D) need
,

B) may not C) couldn't D) will not
253. We have got plenty of time. We hurry. A) needn't B) didn't use to C) mustn't D) didn't need to
254. A: I'm putting on weight. B: You go on a diet A) ought B) had to C) needed to D) should
255. You to write and thank him. A) has B) must C) ought D) needed
256. You do it now. You can do it this afternoon. A) mustn' t B) had better C) needn't D) should
257. Joe ran all the way. It wasn't necessary. Joe run all the way. A) needn't have B) need have C) didn't need to D) doesn't need to
258. You any more aspirins; you've had four already. A) mustn't take B) needn't have taken C) shouldn't have taken D) had better not take
259. A: How much do you weigh? B: A) I needn't have told you B) I'd rather not tell you C) I couldn't have told you D) I'd better not be told
260. He was very poor in 1998, but in 2001 he for Canada and rich. a) leaved/ growed b) left/ grew c) had left/ grew d) was leaving/ to grow

261 Last week L. in the vivid country known for "counide" in other words, bullfighting
261. Last week I in the vivid country known for "corrida", in other words – bullfighting.
a) arrived
b)had arrived
c) was arrived
d) was arriving

262. Why ... you...out my old clothes the day before yesterday? We should have given the clothing to the homeless.

- a) are/throw
- b) did/threw
- c) have/thrown
- d) did/throw

263. Once upon the time (жил-был) there... a happy man. He was all alone and had nobody to support him.

- a) was living
- b) living
- c) lived
- d) live

264. I ... her walk near my house the other day (наднях).

- a) noticed
- b) was noticing
- c) notice
- d) have noticed

265. ... she ... much time on you when you were close friends at school?

- a) did/spend
- b) did/spent
- c) did/spending
- d) was/spending

266. Why ... you... out of doors (выйти на улицу) yesterday so late at night?

- a) do/ went
- b) did/ went
- c) do/ go
- d) did/ go

267. I ... to miss classes when I went to school. Teachers never loved me for it.

- a) used
- b) use
- c) using
- d) was using

268. Last year he ... as a seller. He...jars (банки) of honey behind the counter (заприлавком).

- a) was working/selled
- b) were worked/ sell
- c) worked/sold
- d) worked/ selled

269. Where you last summer during the holidays? you spend your holidays at the sea resort or you stayed home? a) was/ did b) were/ are c) were/ did d) are/ do
270. Now I in the club. And what about you? What are you doing? a) am dancing b) is dancing c) are danced d) dancing
271. Right now he home. a) drives b) is driving c) are driving d) will drive
272 run if you feel tired. A) Mustn't B) Don't C) Don't have to D) Shouldn't
273. Listen! Somebody to break into our house! Call the police immediately. a) is trying b) are trying c) tries d) tried
274. Look! All the teachers at him. He may be expelled from school in a little while (cκορο). a) is shouting b) am shouting c) shout d) are shouting
275. More and more animals extinct. We need to take care of nature. a) is becoming b) are becoming c) become d) will become
276. She's always (ворчит) at me when she's in a bad mood (в этом случае означает негодование). a) nag b) nagged c) nagging d) nags

277. At this instant we are not ... down (скашивать) the grass, we ... sowing (сеять). a) mowing/ are b) mowing/is c) mown/ are d) mowed/ is

278. Don't talk so loudly. Our son ... in his room.

- a) are studying
- b) studying
- c) is studying
- d) studies

279. My nephew ... for another job these days. He wants to work at night.

- a) are looking
- b) look
- c) looking
- d) is looking

280. Just now we ... the table (убираем посуду состола) and washing up.

- a) is clearing
- b) are clearing
- c) clear
- d) clears

281. We usually ... a bus or a taxi early in the morning to get to work.

- a) took
- b) take
- c) taken
- d) were taking

282. I ... to work now. Good-bye!

- a) go
- b) went
- c) am going
- d) goes

283. This is a great party. Everyone ...

- a) dance
- b) is dancing
- c) dances
- d) are dancing

284. Nurses ... after people in hospital.

- a) looks
- b) is looking
- c) will look
- d) look

285. My sister seldom ... our parents.

- a) visit
- b) do visit
- c) does visit
- d) visits

286. I four languages. a) am speaking b) speak c) speaks d) does speak
287. Our lessons at 10 o'clock sharp so don't be late. a) would start b) started c) start d) starts
288. In Britain people on the right. a) are driving b) drives c) drive d) drove
289. What time your brother usually up? a) are / waking b) will / be waking c) does / wake d) do / wake
290. He never about marriage with us. a) talks b) doesn't talk c) doesn't talks d) talking
291. This book is about Central Africa. a) the b) a c) - d) an
292 Volga is the longest river in Europe. a) a b) the c) an d) -
293 Elbrus is the highest mountain in Russia. a) – b) the c) an d) a
294. Is Malta in Mediterranean? a) a a b) –

c) the th d) the	e	
295 Kn a) – b) the c) an d) a	remlin is the heart of Moscow.	
296 Ta a) an b) a c) the d) -	te Gallery is the main modern art museum in London.	
297. He was a) – b) the c) a d) an	vas in Northern Ireland last year.	
298. The a) an b) the c) - d) a	USA is washed by Atlantic Ocean.	
299. Rem a) a b) - c) an d) the	brandt, a famous painter, was born in Netherlands.	
300 M a) the b) c) the th d) the	orocco is in North Africa.	
Дисципли Специаль ФИО Сту Вариант	<u>Бланк ответов контрольных точек №1</u> Курс Дата ина вность дента № вой ответ:	
№ заданий	Номера ответов	

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Спе	циальность			_
Бид	, контроля			_
Разд	цел, темы			
Пре	подаватель			
		Бланк ответ	і <u>ов контрольных точек №2,</u>	ІРИЛОЖЕНИЕ 3
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<u> </u>		1	ПРИЛОЖЕНИЕ 4
	Протокол результатов тек	ущего контроля контрольных	х точек №2.
Групп	ra Kypc	Дата	
Дисци	плина		
Специ	альность		
Вид ко	онтроля		
Раздел	т, темы		
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$N_{\overline{0}}$	Фамилия, имя, отчество	Оценка	Подпись
п/п	студента		преподавателя
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Резуль			Успеваемость:
	чно»	общая%	
	шо»	качественная	%
	летворительно»		
«неудо	овлетворительно»		
		Преподаватель	